

Stock Code:6223

# **MPI Corporation**

General Shareholders' Meeting 2017

# Parliamentary Procedure Handbook

Date and time: June 13, 2017 (Tuesday), 10:00 am

Place: 2F, No. 26, Taiyuan Street, Zhubei, Hsinchu County (Conference Hall, Tai

Yuen Hi-Tech Industrial Park)

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# **MPI** Corporation

# 2017 General Shareholders' Meeting Proceeding

- I. Announcement of session
- II. Address of Chairman
- III. Points of report
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- VI. Election
- VII. Special motion
- VIII. Dismissal

# **MPI** Corporation

# 2017 General Shareholders' Meeting Agenda

Date and time: June 13, 2017 (Tuesday), 10:00 am

Place: 2F, No. 26, Taiyuan Street, Zhubei, Hsinchu County (Conference Hall, Tai Yuen Hi-Tech Industrial Park)

# Address of the Chairman

# I. Reports:

- 1. 2016 Business Report.
- 2. 2016 Supervisors Review Report.
- 3. 2016 Employee, Director and Supervisor Remuneration.

# II. Acknowledgments:

- 1. 2016 business report and financial statements.
- 2. 2016 earnings appropriation.

# III. Discussions:

- 1. Amendment to the "Articles of Incorporation" of MPI Corporation.
- 2. Amendments to the Company's "Director and Supervisor Election Rules."
- 3. Amendments to the Company's "Parliamentary Procedure for General Meeting of Shareholders"
- 4. Amendments to the Company's "Procedure for the Acquisition and Disposition of Assets."

## IV. Election:

1. Early re-election for 5 directors and 3 supervisors of the Company.

# V. Special motion

# VI. Dismissal

# I. Reports

1. 2016 Business Report.

Note: For details about the Company's 2016 business report, financial statements and future prospects, please refer to Appendix I presented in pages 7 to 10 of this handbook.

2. 2016 Supervisors Review Report.

Note: For Supervisors Review Report on the Company's 2016 audited financial statements, please refer to Appendix II presented in page 11 of this handbook.

- 3. 2016 Employee, Director and Supervisor Remuneration.
  - Note: (I) According to Article 20 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, any pre-tax profit concluded from a financial year is subject to employee remuneration of 5%~15%, and director/supervisor remuneration of no more than 3%. Pre-tax profit before employee, director and supervisor remuneration in 2016 amounted to NT\$710,034,683, from which a proposal was made to provide NT\$61,660,059 or 8.68% as employee remuneration, and NT\$14,760,016 or 2.08% as director or supervisor remuneration.
    - (II) Employee remuneration totaling NT\$61,660,059 and director and supervisor remuneration totaling NT\$14,760,016 will be paid entirely in cash.

# II. Acknowledgments

Motion No. 1

Submitted by the Board of Directors

Agenda: Acknowledgment to the company's 2016 business report and financial statements.

- Note: (I) The Company's 2016 business report and individual financial statements (including consolidated financial statements) have been prepared and passed by the board of directors, and reviewed by supervisors. The individual financial statements (including consolidated financial statements) have been audited by Wu, Kuei-Chen (CPA) and Chen, Tsan-Huang (CPA) of Nexia Sun Rise CPAs & Co., to which they issued an unqualified opinion. Please refer to Appendix III and IV presented in pages 12 to 37 of this handbook.
- (II) This proposal was passed during the 3rd board of directors meetings in 2017. Resolution:

Motion No. 2 Submitted by the Board of Directors Agenda: Acknowledgment to the company's 2016 earnings appropriation.

Note: (I) The Company generated after-tax earnings of NT\$563,278,795 in 2016. Please

- refer to Appendix V in page 38 for detailed earnings appropriation proposal.
- (II) In consideration of the Company's future business development, a proposal was made to pay out NT\$334,342,646 of cash dividends and NT\$0 of stock dividends from distributable earnings in 2016. Based on a total of 79,605,392 shares outstanding on the day of the board of directors meeting, cash dividends were calculated at NT\$4.2 per share.
- (III) In the event that MPI Corporation elects to convert convertible corporate bonds into common stock, or repurchase the Company's outstanding shares, assign, or transfer and cancel treasury stock, to the extent that the total quantity of outstanding shares and the dividends to shareholders are being affected, the Board shall be authorized to deal with it with full power in session to discuss such matter for solution.
- (IV) This proposal was passed during the 3rd board of directors meetings in 2017. Resolution:

## III. Discussions

Motion No.1:

Submitted by the Board of Directors

Cause of motion: the amendment to the "Articles of Incorporation" of MPI Corporation is presented for discussion.

- Note: (I) Proposal to amend Article 12 of the "Articles of Incorporation" to accommodate the Company's adoption of the nomination system for director and supervisor elections.
  - (II) Please refer to Appendix VI presented in page 39 of this handbook for a comparison of changes to "Articles of Incorporation."
- (III) This proposal was passed during the 3rd board of directors meetings in 2017. Resolution:

Motion No. 2:

Submitted by the Board of Directors

Agenda: Amendments to the Company's "Director and Supervisor Election Rules."

- Note: (I) Proposal to amend "Director and Supervisor Election Rules" to accommodate the Company's adoption of the nomination system for director and supervisor elections.
  - (II) Please refer to Appendix VII presented in page 40 of this handbook for a comparison of changes to "Director and Supervisor Election Rules."
- (III) This proposal was passed during the 3rd board of directors meetings in 2017. Resolution:

Motion No. 3: Submitted by the Board of Directors Agenda: Amendments to the Company's "Parliamentary Procedure for General Meeting of Shareholders."

- Note: (I) According to current regulations and Financial Supervisory Commission's instructions issued in Letter No. Jin-Guan-Zheng-Jiao-Tze 1060000381 dated January 18, 2017, all TWSE and TPEX-listed companies are required to introduce electronic voting as one of the voting methods accepted in shareholder meetings, starting January 1, 2018. A proposal was raised to amend the Company's "Parliamentary Procedure for General Meeting of Shareholders" to reflect this new rule.
  - (II) Please refer to Appendix VIII presented in page 43 of this handbook for comparison of changes to "Parliamentary Procedure for General Meeting of Shareholders."
- (III) This proposal was passed during the 3rd board of directors meetings in 2017. Resolution:

# Motion No. 4:

Submitted by the Board of Directors

Agenda: Amendments to the Company's "Procedure for the Acquisition and Disposition of Assets."

- Note: (I) Proposal to amend the Company's "Procedure for the Acquisition and Disposition of Assets" to conform with requirements of the Financial Supervisory Commission stated in Letter No. Jin-Guan-Zheng-Fa-Tze 1060001296 dated February 9, 2017.
  - (II) Please refer to Appendix IX presented in page 55 of this handbook for comparison of changes to "Procedure for the Acquisition and Disposition of Assets."
- (III) This proposal was passed during the 3rd board of directors meetings in 2017. Resolution:

#### IV. Election

Motion: Early re-election for 5 directors and 3 supervisors of the Company.

Submitted by the Board of Directors

- Note: (I) Tenure of the Company's directors and supervisors is due to expire on June 11, 2018. For the purpose of supporting the new business strategy, a proposal was made to re-elect the entire board early during the current general shareholders meeting.
  - (II) According to Article XII of the Company's "Articles of Incorporation," the re-election shall elect 5 directors (including 2 independent directors) and 3 supervisors, while independent director candidates are to be chosen using the nomination system. The 7th board of directors (including independent directors) and supervisors was initially elected to serve from June 12, 2015 until June 11, 2018; their tenure will be shortened until the end of the upcoming general shareholders meeting to accommodate the early re-election.

- (III) The newly elected directors (including independent directors) and supervisors will serve a terms of 3 years starting from the day of general shareholders meeting (June 13, 2017) and ending on June 12, 2020.
- (IV) According to Article XVIII of the Articles of Incorporation, the board of directors shall include 2 independent directors, to be nominated using the nomination system. The Company had already held a board of directors meeting on April 28, 2017 to review independent director candidates, during which a decision was made to nominate Madam Hsu, Mei-Fang and Mr. Kao, Chin-Cheng as independent directors. Information of the two candidates is shown below:

Name of candidate	Academic background	Career background	Shares held
Hsu, Mei-Fang	Department of Accounting, Ming Chuan University	Person-in-charge of Asia International	244,441 (shares)
Kao, Chin-Cheng	Postgraduate study of Law, National Chung Hsing University	Lian Cheng Law Office Attorney-at-law	162,414 (shares)

Election result:

- V. Special motion
- VI. Dismissal

# **MPI Corporation Operation Review**

#### I. 2016 Business Review

## (I) Business Plan and Result

In 2016, the Group made NT\$4,961,755,000 in net operating revenues, which was 24% higher than the NT\$4,013,170,000 made in 2015. Net income for 2016 was concluded at NT\$563,279,000, up 91% from NT\$294,820,000 in 2015 and represented an after-tax EPS of NT\$7.09.

This improvement had been the result of global economic recovery combined with consumers' ongoing demand for mobile communication (e.g. smartphones) and world's attention towards industrial automation and vehicle safety in 2016. New applications such as auto electronics, servers and Internet of Things are expected to grow. These new applications involved more advance production procedures, and now account for a higher percentage of revenues. With respect to wafer foundry, the industry's leading manufacturers continued to increase capital spending and adopt more advanced production procedures as a means to improve competitiveness. IC assembly and testing companies, too, have benefited from the miniaturization of semiconductor productions and devoted a higher percentage of their capacity on high-end chips. This trend favors demands for higher end probe cards.

With respect to the research and development of new technologies, the Company had successfully introduced signal testing and component temperature testing equipment for semiconductor engineering in 2016, and continued to develop new products and features to meet customers' requirements. This line of products contributes to customers' performance and competitiveness, and is therefore essential to the Company's future growth.

# (II) Revenue and profitability analysis

Currency unit: in NTD 1,000

Ite	Year m	2015	2016	Change (%)
Re	Net Sales	4,013,170	4,961,755	23.64%
Revenue	Gross profit	1,793,072	2,296,686	28.09%
ue	Post-tax profit or loss	294,820	563,279	91.06%
F	ROA (%)	4.68	8.29	77.14%
rof	ROE (%)	7.96	14.74	85.18%
Profitability	Operating income to paid-up capital ratio (%)	40.18	86.17	114.46%
У	EBT to Paid-in capital ratio (%)	45.16	81.84	81.22%

Profit margin (%	<u>)</u>	7.33	11.30	54.16%
EPS (NT\$)	before retroactive adjustment	3.71	7.09	91.11%
Ers (N14)	after retroactive adjustment	3.71	7.09	91.11%

## (III) Research and development

The Company's research and development progress in 2016 included:

- 1. Precision automated photoelectric equipment:
  - A. Multi-channel parallel LED die testing equipment
  - B. Automated testing and sorting equipment for laser diode wafers and products
  - C. Automated measuring module for OLED panels

## 2. Probe card:

- A. Developed vertical type micro-electromechanical probe card to meet the industry's need for wafer fabrication at micro LED level
- B. Developed high-speed wafer probe card to facilitate faster testing, and satisfy the need for high-speed transmission by new smart devices
- 3. Developed temperature control technology and completed development of temperature testing system for semiconductor components
- 4. Developed testing machinery for semiconductor engineering

# II. Summary of 2017 Business Plan

# (I) Business Policy

Technology is essential to maintain competitiveness. In light of the development of the microelectronic industry and technology requirements in the future, MPI Corporation undertakes the following strategic planning and commits its effort to sustain its competitive advantage:

- A. To satisfy demands for miniaturized high-end IC production, the Company continued development of new technologies such as micro pitch testing and multilayer organic substrate, and thereby prepared itself for future technological advancements.
- B. In response to the need for high-speed transmission by new smart devices, the Company will continue making enhancements to its high-speed wafer probe card to facilitate faster testing.
- C. To meet the test demands of the photoelectric semiconductor industry (LED, LD, PD, OLED Lighting...etc), the Company has been improving and optimizing its automated testing and inspection equipment, and thereby develop the capacity to provide customers with comprehensive solutions.
- D. Continue development of testing and inspection machinery for semiconductor engineering and testing, and thereby satisfy customers' diverse needs and

applications.

E. Continue development of temperature control systems and products for testing of semiconductor and fiber communication components and environment.

# (II) Vital production and sales policies

To ensure business growth and competitiveness, the Company not only invests resources into technology research and development, but also enhances service capacity in overseas markets. Service locations were established in China and USA for more direct access to customers, and thereby allow faster and more comprehensive technical service, higher market share, and risk diversification. MPI Corporation is devoted to helping customers raise competitiveness. It has positioned itself as customers' technology partner and adopted the policy to provide customers the top quality products, the best solutions, and the most timely technical services.

# III. The development strategy of the future

- (I) Utilizing the five main areas of expertise, namely prober, sorting, photoelectric testing, imaging detection and automated equipment, the Company will provide complete testing applications and solutions to meet the needs for mass production of the photoelectric semi-conductor industry.
- (II) Given the possession of temperature control technology, the Company will continue to explore opportunities of component and environment temperature testing in industries such as semiconductor and fiber optic communication, and develop new product varieties to meet market applications.
- (III) With respect to semiconductor engineering testing applications, the Company will continue developing more competitive products based on micro signal and high frequency testing technologies.
- (IV) In response to consumers' demand for lighter, smaller, faster, more feature-rich and more power efficient applications, the Company has developed micro pitch and high-speed probe cards as means to improve test frequency and performance to customers' satisfaction, and thereby ensure competitiveness.

# IV. The effect of the external competitive, legal and macroeconomic environment

Based on forecasts made by world's leading research institutions, the global economy should achieve higher growth than the previous year, while future applications such as artificial intelligence (AI), Advanced Driver Assistance System (ADAS), Internet of Things (IoT) and Internet of Vehicles (IoV) will continue to grow. Uprise of China's semiconductor industry also created new opportunities. The Company has been anticipating this trend by investing resources into R&D to provide customers with faster, more economically viable, and better energy-saving solutions. Bringing the best, fastest and best quality solutions has always been the Company's goal; MPI will continue this path in the future and make

ongoing improvements not just to compete, but to satisfy customers' needs and create long-term values for shareholders as well.

# I wish

you all

joy and the best of luck.

Ko, Chang-Lin, Chairman

Scott Kuo, President

Rose Jao, Chief Accounting Officer

Appendix II

**MPI** Corporation

Supervisors' Audit Report

The 2016 individual and consolidated financial statements submitted

by the Board of Directors have been audited by Wu, Kuei-Chen (CPA)

and Chen, Tsan-Huang (CPA) of Nexia Sun Rise CPAs & Co., and

presented a fair view of the Company's financial position, business

performance and cash flow. We also reviewed the business report and

motion for earnings allocation submitted together with the financial

statements. We hereby recognize said report and statements after

conducting the audit on them pursuant to Article 219 of the Company Law

and Article 36 of Securities and Exchange Act.

To:

2017 General Shareholders' Meeting of MPI Corporation

**MPI** Corporation

Supervisor: Li, Tu-Cheng

Liu, Fang-Sheng

Tsai, Chang-Shou

March 24, 2017

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# Appendix III

# **Independent Auditor's Audit Report**

The Board of Directors and Shareholders

**MPI** Corporation

# **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of MPI CORPORATION (the "Company"), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. Based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016 were as follows:

# 1. Revenue Recognition

## **Matter Description**

Regarding the accounting policy of revenue recognition, please refer to (16) of Note 4 of the Individual Financial Statements. Regarding relevant disclosure, please refer to Note 9 and Statements of Major Accounting Items - Statement of Operating Revenue.

Sales revenue is the major index for investors and the management to evaluate the finance or performance of MPI Corporation. As the point in time for revenue recognition and the amount of recognized revenue can make a big difference on the financial statements, the CPA(s) has also reviewed the accuracy of these two key factors during the audit.

# Audit Procedures in Response

The CPA(s) has implemented audit procedures in response as summarized below:

- (1) Understood and tested the design and implementation efficiency of sales and receiving circulation control system.
- (2) Understood the major revenue type and trading terms of MPI Corporation to assess if the accounting policy of point in time for revenue recognition is appropriate.
- (3) Understood the product type and sales of the top 10 customers; sampled and reviewed the orders; assessed the influence of trading terms to revenue recognition; and confirmed if MPI Corporation has handled accounting relevant activities appropriately.
- (4) Evaluated if the number of days for turning over the sales revenue and payables; and analyzed changes to customers of this and last year at the same time point to see if there is any abnormality.
- (5) Implemented the detail test, where transactions of sales revenue before and after the financial statements within a specified period have been sampled to carry out the cut-off test and verify relevant certificates. Changes to the inventory in account books and transferred sales costs have been recorded during an appropriate period of period to evaluate the correctness of the period of recognizing the revenue, ensure if there is any abnormal revenue journal voucher, and understand if there is any grave refund or return after the period.

# 2. Inventory Valuation

#### **Matter Description**

Regarding the accounting policy of inventory valuation, please refer to (7) of Note 4 of Individual Financial Statements. Regarding significant accounting judgments, estimations, and assumptions of inventory valuation, please refer to Note 5 of Individual Financial Statements. Regarding descriptions of inventory accounting items, please refer to (4) of Note 6 of Individual Financial Statements. The Company recognize inventories amounting to NT\$2,132,335 thousand and Allowance for inventories amounting to NT\$212,012 thousand. The book value of the Company's inventories as December 31, 2016 was NT\$1,920,323 thousand and accounted 27% of the total

assets in the consolidated balance sheet.

MPI Corporation mainly engages in the manufacturing and sales of semiconductor production and testing equipment. Due to rapid technological changes, short life cycle and intense market competition of electronic products, there is a high tendency for inventory valuation loss and losses caused by outdated inventory. The inventory is evaluated by either the cost or net realizable value, depending on which one has the lower value. Inventories that exceed specific inventory age or are evaluated as outdated during individual assessment shall have the inventory loss evaluation conducted also based on the inventory age and future product demand during specific period of time. The information comes from the management's judgement on each product's net realizable value based on the inventory sales, age and quality conditions. As the amount of MPI Corporation's inventory is great; a number of items are included on the inventory list; and the valuation of inventories that have exceeded specific age or are outdated relies heavily on the management's subjective judgement and involves a high degree of uncertainty, the Account(s) believes that the inventory valuation and obsolescence loss is one of the key audit matters of the year.

# Audit Procedures in Response

The CPA(s) has implemented the audit procedures in response as summarized below:

- (1) With the CPA's knowledge of the industry and MPI Corporation's operations, evaluated the soundness of the Corporation's policies concerning the allowance for inventory valuation loss and doubtful debts.
- (2) Understood MPI Corporation's inventory management procedures, reviewed its annul inventory plan, and participated in its annual inventory check to evaluate the management's judgement and control efficiency of outdated inventories.
- (3) Acquired the list of product inventory age, verified the appropriateness of reporting system logic, and confirmed the consistency of report information and adopted policies.
- (4) Evaluated the appropriateness of the methods of calculating inventory valuation impairment, including deciding the inventory classification based on the net realizable value, checking individual material number to verify the basic assumption of the calculation in relevant supporting document, and verify the accuracy of calculation.

# 3. Impairment Evaluation of Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method (Goodwill Impairment Evaluation):

# **Matter Description**

Regarding the accounting policy of goodwill impairment, please refer to impairment of intangible assets and non-financial assets as described in (12) and (13) of Note 4 of Individual Financial Statements. Regarding significant accounting judgments, estimations, and assumptions of goodwill impairment evaluation, please refer to Note 5 of Individual Financial Statements. Regarding

descriptions of goodwill impairment evaluation, please refer to Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method as described in (6) of Note 6 of Individual Financial Statements.

MPI Corporation acquired 100% equity of Allstron Corp (Allstron), and recognized goodwill with a value of NT\$45,533 thousand in the Consolidated Financial Statements. As a player in the electronic industry, Allstron is targeting the segment of measurement applications for its product line. For MPI Corporation, Allstron is a cash generating unit, and for goodwill impairment evaluation, Allstron's forecasted cash flow has been applied with an appropriate discount rate to measure this cash generating unit's recoverable amount. This year, the Allstron product line suffered from market downturn and unfavorable sales. Conducted by MPI Corporation, the evaluation of Allstron's recoverable amount revealed that its recoverable amount was lower than its goodwill carrying amount. MPI Corporation therefore recognized goodwill impairment with a value of NT\$45,533 thousand which is around 7% of individual benefits before tax, this year.

Regarding this cash generating unit's forecasted cash flow that is used to measure its recoverable amount, the forecast can come easily with subjective judgement and is accompanied with a high degree of uncertainty as it involves a number of assumptions, including the applied discount rate and five-year financial forecast that is used to estimate the future cash flow. These assumptions can make a huge difference in the measurement of recoverable amount and further affect the estimation of goodwill impairment amount. Therefore, the CPA(s) believes that the goodwill impairment evaluation conducted by MPI Corporation on Allstron shall be is one of the key audit matters of the year.

#### Audit Procedures in Response

Regarding specific descriptions of above key audit matters, the CPA(s) has implemented the audit procedures in response as summarized below:

- (1) Evaluated the management's procedures of forecasting Allstron's future cash flow and compared the consistency between the evaluation model's cash-flow forecast for the incoming five years and the operation approved by the management.
- (2) Discussed specific actions conducted during the operation plan and reviewed management's actual performance in the past operation plan to evaluate its will and ability to perform.
- (3) With supports of the Nexia Sun Rise's financial consultants and experts, evaluated the soundness of evaluation model, all types of growth rates, discount rate and other major assumptions adopted by the internal evaluators of the management. The procedures include:
  - A. The process and accordance of forecasting the sales growth rate and interest rate.
  - B. Check the generating unit's capital cost assumptions for adopted discount rate and compare it with similar return on assets in the market.
  - C. Checked the parameter and equation setting of the evaluation model.

D. Evaluated alternative assumptions of various forecasted growth rates and discounts rates adopted by the management to perform the sensitivity analysis of future cash flow; and confirmed the management has appropriately handled the uncertainty and possible influence involved in the estimation of impairment evaluation.

# Other Matter-Making Reference to the Audits of Component Auditors

As stated in the individual financial statements Note 6 , Certain investments, which were accounted for under the equity method based on the financial statements of the investees, were audited by other independent accountants. Respectively, the related shares of investment income from the subsidiaries amounted to NT\$(3,420) thousand and NT\$(1,018) thousand. Insofar as it related to the investments accounted for under the equity method balances of NT\$ 19,074 thousand and NT\$23,351 thousand as of December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including supervisors, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit

evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of

doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

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Sun Rise CPAs & Company Taipei, Taiwan, Republic of China March 24, 2017

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The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (ASSETS)

DECEMBER 31 ,2016 AND 2015

(All amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

		 December 31,20	16	December 31,2015			
ASSETS	Note	 Amounts			Amounts	%	
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 475,399	7	\$	234, 594	4	
Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6(12)	60	-		-	-	
Notes receivable, net	6(2)	5	-		5, 403	-	
Accounts receivable, net	6(3)	543, 350	8		554, 238	8	
Accounts receivable -related parties, net	6(3).7	185, 119	3		329, 232	5	
Other receivables		12,808	-		17,644	-	
Other receivables -related parties	7	28, 253	-		21, 499	-	
Inventories, net	6(4)	1, 920, 323	27		1,590,834	24	
Prepayments		51, 798	1		44, 705	1	
Other current assets	8	 9, 468	-		9, 220	1	
Total Current Assets		 3, 226, 583	46		2, 807, 369	43	
NONCURRENT ASSETS							
Investments accounted for using equity method	6(6)	809, 405	11		837, 241	13	
Property, plant and equipment	6(7).7.8	2, 612, 388	37		2, 595, 075	40	
Intangible assets	6(8)	35,293	-		35, 739	-	
Deferred income tax assets	6(18)	62, 330	1		58, 444	1	
Other noncurrent assets		 385, 169	5		201,612	3	
Total Noncurrent Assets		 3, 904, 585	54		3, 728, 111	57	
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 7, 131, 168	100	\$	6, 535, 480	100	

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (LIABILITIES AND EQUITY)

# DECEMBER 31 ,2016 AND 2015

(All amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

			December 31,201	December 31,2015			
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Note		Amounts	%	Amounts	%	
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Short-term loans	6(9)	\$	380,000	5	\$ 550,000	8	
Current financial liabilites at fair value through profit or loss	6(12)		-	-	1,682	_	
Accounts payable			405, 426	6	369, 674	6	
Accounts payable-related parties	7		747	-	4, 419	_	
Payables on equipment			129, 342	2	90, 945	1	
Other payables	6(10)		602, 208	9	444, 317	7	
Other payables-related parties	7		85, 971	1	63, 569	1	
Income tax payable			42, 644	1	40, 191	1	
Provisions	6(11)		2, 595	-	1, 240	_	
Sales revenue received in advance	7		648,794	9	453, 325	7	
Corporate bonds payable – current portion	6(12)		590, 647	8	579, 433	9	
Current portion of long-term liabilities	6(13)		9, 328	-	9, 328	_	
Other current liabilities			9, 886	-	12, 671	-	
Total Current Liabilities			2, 907, 588	41	2, 620, 794	40	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES							
Long-term loans	6(13)		240, 640	4	250, 068	4	
Deferred income tax liabilities	6(18)		8, 433	_	7, 547	_	
Accrued pension cost	6(14)		27, 454	_	23, 225	_	
Other noncurrent liabilities			97	_	1, 256	_	
Total Other Liabilities			276, 624	4	282, 096	4	
TOTAL LIABILITIES			3, 184, 212	45	2, 902, 890	44	
EQUITY	6(15)						
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PARENT							
Capital common stock			796, 054	11	796, 054	12	
Capital surplus			885, 735	12	871, 572	13	
Retained earnings							
Appropriated as legal capital reserve			492, 188	7	462, 706	7	
Unappropriated earnings			1, 803, 156	25	1, 509, 840	23	
Total Retained Earnings			2, 295, 344	32	1, 972, 546	30	
Other							
Foreign currency translation adjustments			(30, 177)	-	26, 872	1	
Total others			(30, 177)	-	26, 872	1	
Treasury stock				-	(34, 454)	-	
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent			3, 946, 956	55	3, 632, 590	56	
TOTAL EQUITY			3, 946, 956	55	3, 632, 590	56	
TOTAL LANDINGERS AND FOUNTY		ф	7 101 100	100	Ф 6 595 490	100	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		\$	7, 131, 168	100	\$ 6,535,480	100	

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

From January 1 to December 31, 2016 and 2015

(All amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

		January 1 ~ December	31,2016	January 1 ~ December	31,2015	
Items	Note	Amounts	%	Amounts	%	
OPERATING REVENUE, NET	7					
Sales revenue		\$ 4,344,020	98	\$ 3, 787, 894	99	
Less: sales returns		(2,532)	-	(2,862)	-	
sales discounts and allowances		-	-	(2, 101)	-	
Commission revenue		81, 118	2	55, 162	1	
Operating Revenue, net		4, 422, 606	100	3, 838, 093	100	
OPERATING COSTS	6(4).7	(2, 291, 817)	(52)	(2,076,616)	(54)	
GROSS PROFIT		2, 130, 789	48	1, 761, 477	46	
Realized (Unrealized) Gross profit on sales to subsidiaries and associates		23, 501	1	(83, 913)	(2)	
GROSS PROFIT, NET		2, 154, 290	49	1, 677, 564	44	
OPERATING EXPENSES	7					
Selling expenses		(423, 157)	(10)	(379, 727)	(10)	
General & administrative expenses		(246, 118)	(6)	(194, 240)	(5)	
Research and development expenses	6(8)	(848, 764)	(19)	(819, 490)	(21)	
Operating expense, net		(1, 518, 039)	(35)	(1, 393, 457)	(36)	
OPERATING INCOME		636, 251	14	284, 107	8	
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES						
Other gains and losses	6(17)	(58, 574)	(1)	17, 385	-	
Finance costs	6(17)	(18, 608)	-	(13, 177)	-	
Share of profits of subsidiaries and associates	6(6)	18, 596	-	3, 402	-	
Interest income	7	540	-	887	-	
Rent income	7	11, 424	-	12, 758	-	
Allowance (reversal) for doubtful accounts	6(3)	235	-	-	-	
Other non-operating revenue-other items	7	43, 751	1	33, 315	1	
Total Non-operating Income		(2,636)	_	54, 570	1	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX		633, 615	14	338, 677	9	
INCOME TAX BENEFIT(EXPENSE)	6(18)	(70, 336)	(1)	(43, 857)	(1)	
NET INCOME		563, 279	13	294, 820	8	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)						
Items that are not to be reclassified to profit or loss						
Re-measurements from defined benefit plans		(2,682)	-	(8,049)	-	
Share of remeasurements of defined benefit plans of subsidiaries and associates		1,017	-	(359)	-	
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss						
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations		(57,049)	(1)	(13,900)	(1)	
Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries			-		-	
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax		(58, 714)	(1)	(22, 308)	(1)	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		\$ 504, 565	12	\$ 272, 512	7	
NET INCOME(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO :	6(19)	After-tax		After-tax		
Shareholers of the parent	0(10)	\$ 7.09		\$ 3.71		
Noncontrolling interests		\$ 6.49		\$ 3.42		
noncontrolling interests		φ 0.49		ψ 0.44		

# PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY From January 1 to December 31,2016 and 2015

(All amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

		Capital-					Reta	ined Earni	ngs		 0thers			
Items	Co	mmon Stock	Ca	pital Surplus	L	egal Capital Reserve	Sp	pecial Capital Reserve	Unap	propriated Earnings	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	T	reasury Stock	Total Equity
BALANCE,JANUARY,1,2015	\$	795,364	\$	885, 012	\$	410,942	\$	-	\$	1, 593, 614	\$ 40, 772	\$	-	\$ 3, 725, 704
Legal capital reserve						51,764				(51, 764)				-
Cash Dividends of Common Stock										(318, 422)				(318, 422)
Capital Reserve From Stock Warrants				(325)										(325)
Disposal of investments accounted for under the equity method				(19, 306)										(19, 306)
Net Income in 2015										294, 820				294, 820
Other comprehensive income in 2015, net of income tax										(8, 408)	 (13, 900)			 (22, 308)
Total comprehensive income in 2015		-		-		-		-		286, 412	 (13, 900)		-	 272, 512
Convertible Bonds Transferred To Common Stock		690		6, 191										6, 881
Decrease (increase) in treasury stock													(34, 454)	(34, 454)
BALANCE,DECEMBER,31,2015	\$	796, 054	\$	871, 572	\$	462, 706	\$		\$	1, 509, 840	\$ 26, 872	\$	(34, 454)	\$ 3, 632, 590
BALANCE,JANUARY,1,2016	\$	796, 054	\$	871, 572	\$	462, 706	\$	_	\$	1, 509, 840	\$ 26, 872	\$	(34, 454)	\$ 3, 632, 590
Legal capital reserve						29, 482				(29, 482)				-
Cash Dividends of Common Stock										(238, 816)				(238, 816)
Net Income in 2016										563, 279				563, 279
Other comprehensive income in 2016, net of income tax										(1,665)	(57, 049)			(58, 714)
Total comprehensive income		-		-		-		-		561, 614	(57, 049)		-	504, 565
Issuance of stock from exercise of employee stock options				14, 163									34, 454	48, 617
BALANCE,DECEMBER,31,2016	\$	796, 054	\$	885, 735	\$	492, 188	\$	-	\$	1, 803, 156	\$ (30, 177)	\$	_	\$ 3, 946, 956

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

From January 1 to December 31, 2016 and 2015
(All amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Roome Foreign cincente tax   \$ 633, 615   \$ 338, 677	Items	Jan 1	~ Dec 31,2016	Jan 1	~ Dec 31,2015
Adjustments to reconcile act income to act		Ф	622 615	Ф	220 677
Depreciation		Ф	055, 015	Φ	550, 011
Amontzazinio         44,731         40,241           (Reversal) allowance for doubtful receivables         2355         3,649           Gains on Financial Assets (Labilities) at Pair Value through Profit or Loss         (1,742)         2,285           Increst expense         18,608         13,177           Increst revene         (6,400)         (887)           Compensation cost of employee strick options         12,937         -           Los (gain) on equity-mediod investments         (18,596)         (3,402)           Los on disposal of property, plant and equipment         175         285           Gains on disposal of investments         (5,708)         45,533         -           Loss on valuation of nonfancial asset         45,533         -         -           (Recilized) Unrealized gross profit on sales to subsidiaries and associates         (23,501)         88,913         4,527           Recilized (Increase) in accesses receivables receivables         5,398         4,527         -         5,299         -         5,398         4,527         -         5,299         -         5,299         -         5,398         4,527         -         5,299         -         5,398         4,527         -         5,299         -         -         5,299         - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>000 400</td><td></td><td>170 100</td></td<>			000 400		170 100
General allowance for dunbful receivables   Casins on Financial Assets (Liabilities) at Fair Value through Profit or Loss   Casins on Financial Assets (Liabilities) at Fair Value through Profit or Loss   Casins on Financial Assets (Liabilities) at Fair Value through Profit or Loss   Casins on Casins   Casi	-				
Guins on Financial Assets (Liabilities) at Fuir Value through Profit or Loss					,
Interest revenue	(Reversal) allowance for doubtful receivables		, ,		
Interest revenue					,
Compensation cost of employee stock options	Interest expense		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,
Cost (gain) on equity-method investments	Interest revenue				(887)
Claim   loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment   175   285   Guins on disposal of investments   5, 706   Loss on valuation of nonfinancial asset   45, 533   (Realized) Unrealized gross profit on sales to subsidiaries and associates   23, 501   83, 913   Adjustment-exchange (Calino) loss on prepayments for equipment   5644   1, 677   Net changes in operating assets and liabilities   5, 398   4, 527   Decrease (therease) in notes receivable   5, 398   4, 527   Decrease (therease) in notes receivable   11, 1050   (98, 879)   Decrease (therease) in accounts receivable   11, 1050   (98, 879)   Decrease (therease) in accounts receivable   11, 1050   (98, 879)   Decrease (therease) in accounts receivable   11, 1050   (98, 879)   Decrease (therease) in accounts receivable   14, 808   Decrease (therease) in accounts receivable   4, 835   2, 656   Decrease (therease) in accounts receivable   66, 754   (17, 490)   Decrease (therease) in other receivables-related parties   (6, 754)   (17, 490)   Decrease (therease) in other receivables-related parties   (7, 093)   15, 917   Decrease (therease) in prepayments   (7, 093)   15, 917   Decrease (therease) in prepayments   (7, 093)   15, 917   Decrease (therease) in other current assets   (210)   (166)   Decrease (therease) in other current assets   (3, 672)   (3, 386)   (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable   33, 752   (87, 260)   (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable   35, 508   (70, 313)   (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable   23, 333   (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable   23, 333   (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable   34, 84, 84, 84, 84, 84, 84, 84, 84, 84, 8	Compensation cost of employee stock options				_
Casins on disposal of investments	Loss (gain) on equity-method investments		(18, 596)		
Loss on valuation of nonfinancial asset   45,533   3	(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		175		285
(Realized) Unrealized gross profit on sales to subsidiaries and associates         (23, 501)         83, 913           Adjustments-exchange (Gain) loss on prepayments for equipment         (564)         1, 677           Net changes in operating assets and liabilities         —         5, 398         4, 527           Decrease (Increase) in notes receivable         11, 550         (98, 879)           Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable         11, 550         (98, 879)           Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable related parties         144, 186         41, 808           Decrease (Increase) in other receivables related parties         (6, 754)         (17, 490)           Decrease (Increase) in other receivables related parties         (329, 489)         42, 384           Decrease (Increase) in other receivables-related parties         (210)         (166)           Net changes in operating assets and liabilities         (210)         (166)           Oberease (Increase) in other current assets         (210)         (166)           Net changes in operating assets and liabilities         35, 752         (87, 260)           Oberease) Increase in other accounts payable         35, 752         (87, 260)           Oberease) Increase in other accounts payable related parties         3, 672         3, 386           Oberease) Increase in other accounts payable related parti	Gains on disposal of investments				(5,706)
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities   5,398   4,527     Decrease (Increase) in notes receivable   11,050   (98,879)     Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable   144,186   41,808     Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable   44,835   2,656     Decrease (Increase) in other receivables   44,835   2,656     Decrease (Increase) in content receivables   43,835   2,656     Decrease (Increase) in inventories   (329,489)   42,384     Decrease (Increase) in inventories   (329,489)   42,384     Decrease (Increase) in content receivables related parties   (7,093)   15,917     Decrease (Increase) in develor current assets   (210)   (1660     Net changes in operating assets and liabilities   (7,093)   (3,567)   (3,3866   (2,3672)   (3,3672)   (3,	Loss on valuation of nonfinancial asset				=
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities   5,398   4,527     Decrease (Increase) in notes receivable clated parties   - 5,299     Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable   11,050   (98,879)     Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable clated parties   144,186   41,808     Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable clated parties   4,835   2,656     Decrease (Increase) in other receivables   4,835   2,656     Decrease (Increase) in other receivables   4,835   2,656     Decrease (Increase) in inventories   (329,489)   42,384     Decrease (Increase) in inventories   (329,489)   42,384     Decrease (Increase) in inventories   (329,489)   42,384     Decrease (Increase) in inventories   (210)   (166)     Net changes in operating assets and liabilities     Obercease) Increase in accounts payable   35,752   (87,260)     Obercease) Increase in accounts payable elated parties   (3,672)   (3,386)     Obercease) Increase in accounts payable elated parties   (3,672)   (3,386)     Obercease) Increase in other accounts payable elated parties   (3,672)   (3,386)     Obercease) Increase in other accounts payable elated parties   (2,701)     Obercease) Increase in other accounts payable elated parties   (3,672)   (3,386)     Obercease) Increase in other accounts payable elated parties   (2,701)     Obercease) Increase in other accounts payable elated parties   (2,701)     Obercease) Increase in other accounts payable elated parties   (2,701)     Obercease) Increase in other accounts payable elated parties   (2,708)     Obercease) Increase in other current liabilities   (2,708)     Obercease) Increase in other current liabilities   (2,708)     Obercease) Increase in sales revenue received in advance   (35,409)     Obercease) Increase in sales revenue received in advance   (3,509)     Obercease) Increase in sales revenue received in advance   (3,509)     Obercease) Increase in sales revenue received   (3,609)     Obercease) Increase in sales revenue received   (3,609)     Obercease (sechading capitalization of intere	(Realized) Unrealized gross profit on sales to subsidiaries and associates				83, 913
Decrease (Increase) in notes receivable   5, 398   4,527     Decrease (Increase) in notes receivable-related parties   1, 1, 050   698, 879     Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable   11, 1, 050   698, 879     Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable   11, 050   698, 879     Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivables   144, 186   41, 808     Decrease (Increase) in other receivables   4, 835   2, 656     Decrease (Increase) in other receivables related parties   66, 754   (17, 490     Decrease (Increase) in inventories   3329, 489   42, 384     Decrease (Increase) in prepayments   7,093   15, 917     Decrease (Increase) in other current assets   7,093   15, 917     Decrease (Increase) in other current assets   7,093   15, 917     Decrease (Increase) in other current assets   7,093   1, 616     Net changes in operating assets and liabilities   7,260     (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable   35, 752   (87, 260   1, 600   1,	Adjustments-exchange (Gain) loss on prepayments for equipment		(564)		1, 677
Decrease (Increase) in notes receivable-related parties   1, 050	Net changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable   11, 050   (98, 879)	Decrease (Increase) in notes receivable		5, 398		4,527
Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivables - elated parties         41,885         2,656           Decrease (Increase) in other receivables         4,835         2,656           Decrease (Increase) in other receivables - elated parties         (6,754)         (17,490)           Decrease (Increase) in inventories         (329,489)         42,384           Decrease (Increase) in prepayments         (7,093)         15,917           Decrease (Increase) in other current assets         (210)         (166)           Not changes in operating assets and liabilities         (210)         (3,366)           (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable         35,752         (87,260)           (Decrease) Increase in cacounts payable related parties         (3,672)         (3,386)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable related parties         22,401         23,033           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable related parties         22,401         23,033           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable related parties         1,548         (3,1616)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable related parties         2,765         (3,616)           (Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         1,548         (3,1616)           (Decrease) Increase in sales revenue received in advance         195,469         (154,819)	Decrease (Increase) in notes receivable-related parties		-		5,299
Decrease (Increase) in other receivables         4,835         2,656           Decrease (Increase) in other receivables-related parties         (6,754)         (17,490)           Decrease (Increase) in other receivables-related parties         (329,489)         42,384           Decrease (Increase) in prepayments         (7,093)         15,917           Decrease (Increase) in other current assets         (210)         (166)           Net changes in operating assets and liabilities         (210)         (3,862)           (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable         35,752         (87,260)           (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable-related parties         (3,672)         (3,386)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         22,401         23,033           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         1,355         (3,616)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         15,469         (154,819)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable.         15,469         (154,819)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable.         22,785         625           Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         22,785         625           Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         22,785         625           Decre	Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable		11,050		(98, 879)
Decrease (Increase) in other receivables-related parties         (6,754)         (17,490)           Decrease (Increase) in inventories         (329,489)         42,384           Decrease (Increase) in prepayments         (7,093)         15,917           Decrease (Increase) in other current assets         (210)         (1666)           Net changes in operating assets and liabilities         35,752         (87,260)           (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable-related parties         (3,672)         (3,386)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         22,401         23,033           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         1,355         (3,616)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         22,401         23,033           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         1,355         (3,616)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         22,401         23,033           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         1,355         (3,616)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         22,401         23,033           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         1,548         3,1620           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties	Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable-related parties		144, 186		41,808
Decrease (Increase) in inventories         (329, 489)         42, 384           Decrease (Increase) in prepayments         (7, 093)         15, 917           Decrease (Increase) in prepayments         (210)         (166)           Net changes in operating assets and liabilities         35, 752         (87, 260)           (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable.         35, 752         (87, 260)           (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable.         158, 008         (72, 313)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable.         22, 401         23, 033           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable.         158, 008         (72, 313)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable.         22, 401         23, 033           (Decrease) Increase in provision of liabilities         1, 355         (3, 616)           (Decrease) Increase in sales revenue received in advance         195, 469         (154, 819)           (Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         2, 785)         625           Decrease (Increase) in accrued pension cost         1, 548         (3, 168)           Cash generated from operations         1, 172, 858         345, 224           Interest received         540         1, 027           Interest received         7, 512         2, 039 <t< td=""><td>Decrease (Increase) in other receivables</td><td></td><td>4,835</td><td></td><td>2,656</td></t<>	Decrease (Increase) in other receivables		4,835		2,656
Decrease (Increase) in prepayments         (7,093)         15,917           Decrease (Increase) in other current assets         (210)         (166)           Net changes in operating assets and liabilities         (166)           (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable         35,752         (87,260)           (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable-related parties         (3,872)         (3,386)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         22,401         23,033           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         1,355         (3,616)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         1,355         (3,616)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         1,546         (154,819)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         2,2401         23,033           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         1,546         (3,616)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         2,2401         23,033           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         1,548         (3,168)           (Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         1,548         (3,168)           (Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         1,548         (3,168) <td>Decrease (Increase) in other receivables-related parties</td> <td></td> <td>(6,754)</td> <td></td> <td>(17, 490)</td>	Decrease (Increase) in other receivables-related parties		(6,754)		(17, 490)
Decrease (Increase) in prepayments         (7,093)         15,917           Decrease (Increase) in other current assets         (210)         (166)           Net changes in operating assets and liabilities         (166)           (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable         35,752         (87,260)           (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable-related parties         (3,872)         (3,386)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         22,401         23,033           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         1,355         (3,616)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         1,355         (3,616)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         1,546         (154,819)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         2,2401         23,033           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         1,546         (3,616)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         2,2401         23,033           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         1,548         (3,168)           (Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         1,548         (3,168)           (Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         1,548         (3,168) <td>Decrease (Increase) in inventories</td> <td></td> <td>(329, 489)</td> <td></td> <td>42, 384</td>	Decrease (Increase) in inventories		(329, 489)		42, 384
Decrease (Increase) in other current assets         (210)         (166)           Net changes in operating assets and liabilities         ***           (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable-related parties         35, 752         (87, 260)           (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable-related parties         36, 672)         (3, 386)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable (Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         22, 401         23, 033           (Decrease) Increase in sales revenue received in advance         195, 469         (154, 819)           (Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         (2, 785)         625           Decrease/Increase) in accrued pension cost         1, 548         (3, 168)           Cash generated from operations         1, 548         345, 224           Interest received         540         1, 027           Interest (excluding capitalization of interest)         (7, 512)         (2, 039)           Cash dividends         (238, 816)         (318, 422)           Increase paid         (70, 881)         (81, 979)           Net cash Provided By Operating Activities         856, 189         (56, 189)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES         25, 938	Decrease (Increase) in prepayments				15, 917
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities   (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable   (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable   (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable   (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable   (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties   (22, 401   23, 033   (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties   (22, 401   23, 033   (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties   (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties   (Decrease) Increase in sales revenue received in advance   (154, 819)   (Decrease) Increase in sales revenue received in advance   (154, 819)   (Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities   (2, 785)   (625)   (2785)   (255)					(166)
(Decrease) Increase in accounts payable         35, 752         (87, 260)           (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable-related parties         (3, 672)         (3, 386)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable.         158, 008         (72, 313)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         22, 401         23, 033           (Decrease) Increase in provision of liabilities         1, 355         (3, 616)           (Decrease) Increase in suber received in advance         195, 469         (154, 819)           (Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         (2, 785)         625           Decrease (Increase) in accrued pension cost         1, 548         (3, 168)           Cash generated from operations         1, 172, 858         345, 224           Interest received         540         1, 027           Interest (excluding capitalization of interest)         (7, 512)         (2, 039)           Cash dividends         (238, 816)         (318, 422)           Income taxes paid         (70, 881)         (81, 979)           Net cash Provided By Operating Activities         556, 189         (56, 189)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at cost         -         25, 938			` '		` ´
(Decrease) Increase in accounts payable related parties         (3, 862)         (3, 386)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable         158, 008         (72, 313)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         22, 401         23, 033           (Decrease) Increase in provision of liabilities         1, 355         (3, 616)           (Decrease) Increase in sales revenue received in advance         195, 469         (154, 819)           (Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         2, 785)         625           Decrease(Increase) in accrued pension cost         1, 548         (3, 168)           Cash generated from operations         1, 172, 858         345, 224           Interest (excluding capitalization of interest)         7, 5122         2, 039           Cash dividends         (238, 816)         (318, 422)           Income taxes paid         (70, 881)         (81, 979)           Net cash Provided By Operating Activities         856, 189         56, 189           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at cost         -         25, 938           Addition of investments accounted for using equity method         (48, 555)         (349, 990)           Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         13, 254			35, 752		(87, 260)
(Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable         158,008         (72, 313)           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         22, 401         23, 033           (Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         1, 355         (3, 616)           (Decrease) Increase in sales revenue received in advance         195, 469         (154, 819)           (Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         (2, 785)         625           Decrease (Increase) in accrued pension cost         1, 548         (3, 168)           Cash generated from operations         1, 172, 858         345, 224           Interest received         540         1, 027           Interest (excluding capitalization of interest)         (7, 512)         (2, 039)           Cash dividends         (238, 816)         (318, 422)           Income taxes paid         (70, 881)         (81, 979)           Net cash Provided By Operating Activities         856, 189         (56, 189)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at cost         -         25, 938           Addition of investments accounted for using equity method         (48, 555)         (349, 990)           Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         13, 254         -					
(Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties         22, 401         23, 033           (Decrease) Increase in provision of liabilities         1, 355         (3, 616)           (Decrease) Increase in sales revenue received in advance         195, 469         (154, 819)           (Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         2, 785)         625           Decrease(Increase) in accrued pension cost         1, 548         (3, 168)           Cash generated from operations         1, 172, 858         345, 224           Interest received         540         1, 027           Interest (excluding capitalization of interest)         (7, 512)         (2, 039)           Cash dividends         (238, 816)         (318, 422)           Income taxes paid         (70, 881)         (81, 979)           Net cash Provided By Operating Activities         856, 189         (56, 189)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at cost         -         25, 938           Addition of investments accounted for using equity method         (48, 555)         (349, 900)           Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         13, 254         -           Additions to property, plant and equipment         482         126 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>					
(Decrease) Increase in provision of liabilities         1,355         (3,616)           (Decrease) Increase in sales revenue received in advance         195,469         (154,819)           (Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         2,785)         625           Decrease(Increase) in accrued pension cost         1,548         (3,168)           Cash generated from operations         1,172,858         345,224           Interest (excluding capitalization of interest)         7,512         (2,039)           Cash dividends         (238,816)         (318,422)           Income taxes paid         (70,881)         (81,979)           Net cash Provided By Operating Activities         856,189         556,189           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         -         25,938           Addition of investments accounted for using equity method         (48,555)         (349,990)           Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         (48,555)         (349,990)           Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         13,254         -           Additions to property, plant and equipment         (211,447)         (886,717)           Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment         482         126           Intangible assets         (22,402)         (28,057)					
(Decrease) Increase in sales revenue received in advance         195, 469         (154, 819)           (Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         (2, 785)         625           Decrease(Increase) in accrued pension cost         1, 548         (3, 168)           Cash generated from operations         1, 172, 858         345, 224           Interest received         540         1, 027           Interest (excluding capitalization of interest)         (7, 512)         (2, 039)           Cash dividends         (238, 816)         (318, 422)           Income taxes paid         (70, 881)         (81, 979)           Net cash Provided By Operating Activities         856, 189         556, 189           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         -         25, 938           Addition of investments accounted for using equity method         (48, 555)         (349, 990)           Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         (48, 555)         (349, 990)           Additions to property, plant and equipment         (211, 447)         (886, 717)           Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment         482         126           Intangible assets         (22, 402)         (28, 057)           Increase in other financial assets         (205, 440)         -           Obscrea					,
(Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities         (2,785)         625           Decrease(Increase) in accrued pension cost         1,548         (3,168)           Cash generated from operations         1,172,858         345,224           Interest received         540         1,027           Interest (excluding capitalization of interest)         (7,512)         (2,039)           Cash dividends         (238,816)         (318,422)           Income taxes paid         (70,881)         (81,979)           Net cash Provided By Operating Activities         856,189         56,189           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         -         25,938           Addition of investments accounted for using equity method         (48,555)         (349,990)           Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         13,254         -           Additions to property, plant and equipment         (211,447)         (886,717)           Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment         482         126           Interase in other financial assets         (22,402)         (28,057)           Increase in other financial assets         (38)         (29)           Cash dividends received from equity-method investees         5,000         22,700					
Decrease(Increase) in accrued pension cost         1,548         (3,168)           Cash generated from operations         1,172,858         345,224           Interest received         540         1,027           Interest (excluding capitalization of interest)         (7,512)         (2,039)           Cash dividends         (238,816)         (318,422)           Income taxes paid         (70,881)         (81,979)           Net cash Provided By Operating Activities         856,189         56,189           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         -         25,938           Addition of investments accounted for using equity method         48,555)         (349,990)           Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         13,254         -           Additions to property, plant and equipment         (211,447)         (886,717)           Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment         482         126           Intangible assets         (22,402)         (28,057)           Increase in other financial assets         (38)         (29)           (Increase) in other non-current assets         (205,440)         -           Decrease in other non-current assets         -         80,161           Cash dividends received from equity-method investees         5,000					
Cash generated from operations         1,172,858         345,224           Interest received         540         1,027           Interest (excluding capitalization of interest)         (7,512)         (2,039)           Cash dividends         (238,816)         (318,422)           Income taxes paid         (70,881)         (81,979)           Net cash Provided By Operating Activities         856,189         56,189           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at cost         -         25,938           Addition of investments accounted for using equity method         (48,555)         (349,990)           Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         13,254         -           Additions to property, plant and equipment         482         126           Intangible assets         (22,402)         (28,057)           Increase in other financial assets         (38)         (29)           (Increase) in other non-current assets         (38)         (29)           Decrease in other non-current assets         -         80,161           Cash dividends received from equity-method investees         5,000         22,700					
Interest received         540         1,027           Interest (excluding capitalization of interest)         (7,512)         (2,039)           Cash dividends         (238,816)         (318,422)           Income taxes paid         (70,881)         (81,979)           Net cash Provided By Operating Activities         856,189         (56,189)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at cost         -         25,938           Addition of investments accounted for using equity method         (48,555)         (349,990)           Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         13,254         -           Additions to property, plant and equipment         (211,447)         (886,717)           Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment         482         126           Intangible assets         (22,402)         (28,057)           Increase in other financial assets         (338)         (29)           (Increase) in other non-current assets         (205,440)         -           Decrease in other non-current assets         -         80,161           Cash dividends received from equity-method investees         5,000         22,700		-			
Interest (excluding capitalization of interest)         (7, 512)         (2,039)           Cash dividends         (238, 816)         (318, 422)           Income taxes paid         (70, 881)         (81, 979)           Net cash Provided By Operating Activities         856, 189         (56, 189)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         -         25, 938           Addition of investments accounted for using equity method         (48, 555)         (349, 990)           Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         13, 254         -           Additions to property, plant and equipment         (211, 447)         (886, 717)           Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment         482         126           Intangible assets         (22, 402)         (28, 057)           Increase in other financial assets         (38)         (29)           (Increase) in other non-current assets         (205, 440)         -           Decrease in other non-current assets         -         80, 161           Cash dividends received from equity-method investees         5,000         22, 700					
Cash dividends         (238, 816)         (318, 422)           Income taxes paid         (70, 881)         (81, 979)           Net cash Provided By Operating Activities         856, 189         (56, 189)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         -         25, 938           Addition of investments accounted for using equity method         (48, 555)         (349, 990)           Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         13, 254         -           Additions to property, plant and equipment         (211, 447)         (886, 717)           Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment         482         126           Intangible assets         (22, 402)         (28, 057)           Increase in other financial assets         (38)         (29)           (Increase) in other non-current assets         (205, 440)         -           Decrease in other non-current assets         -         80, 161           Cash dividends received from equity-method investees         5,000         22,700					
Income taxes paid         (70, 881)         (81, 979)           Net cash Provided By Operating Activities         856, 189         (56, 189)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         -         25, 938           Addition of investments accounted for using equity method         (48, 555)         (349, 990)           Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         13, 254         -           Additions to property, plant and equipment         (211, 447)         (886, 717)           Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment         482         126           Intangible assets         (22, 402)         (28, 057)           Increase in other financial assets         (38)         (29)           (Increase) in other non-current assets         (205, 440)         -           Decrease in other non-current assets         -         80, 161           Cash dividends received from equity-method investees         5,000         22, 700					` , , ,
Net cash Provided By Operating Activities         856, 189         (56, 189)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         —         25, 938           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at cost         —         25, 938           Addition of investments accounted for using equity method         (48, 555)         (349, 990)           Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         13, 254         —           Additions to property, plant and equipment         482         126           Intangible assets         (22, 402)         (28, 057)           Increase in other financial assets         (38)         (29)           (Increase) in other non-current assets         (205, 440)         —           Decrease in other non-current assets         —         80, 161           Cash dividends received from equity-method investees         5, 000         22, 700					
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at cost         -         25, 938           Addition of investments accounted for using equity method         (48, 555)         (349, 990)           Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method         13, 254         -           Additions to property, plant and equipment         (211, 447)         (886, 717)           Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment         482         126           Intangible assets         (22, 402)         (28, 057)           Increase in other financial assets         (38)         (29)           (Increase) in other non-current assets         (205, 440)         -           Decrease in other non-current assets         -         80, 161           Cash dividends received from equity-method investees         5, 000         22, 700					
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at cost- $25,938$ Addition of investments accounted for using equity method $(48,555)$ $(349,990)$ Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method $13,254$ -Additions to property, plant and equipment $(211,447)$ $(886,717)$ Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment $482$ $126$ Intangible assets $(22,402)$ $(28,057)$ Increase in other financial assets $(38)$ $(29)$ (Increase) in other non-current assets $(205,440)$ -Decrease in other non-current assets- $80,161$ Cash dividends received from equity-method investees $5,000$ $22,700$	Net cash Provided By Operating Activities		856, 189		(56, 189)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at cost- $25,938$ Addition of investments accounted for using equity method $(48,555)$ $(349,990)$ Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method $13,254$ -Additions to property, plant and equipment $(211,447)$ $(886,717)$ Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment $482$ $126$ Intangible assets $(22,402)$ $(28,057)$ Increase in other financial assets $(38)$ $(29)$ (Increase) in other non-current assets $(205,440)$ -Decrease in other non-current assets- $80,161$ Cash dividends received from equity-method investees $5,000$ $22,700$	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Addition of investments accounted for using equity method $(48,555)$ $(349,990)$ Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method $13,254$ -Additions to property, plant and equipment $(211,447)$ $(886,717)$ Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment $482$ $126$ Intangible assets $(22,402)$ $(28,057)$ Increase in other financial assets $(38)$ $(29)$ (Increase) in other non-current assets $(205,440)$ -Decrease in other non-current assets- $80,161$ Cash dividends received from equity-method investees $5,000$ $22,700$			-		25, 938
Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method $13, 254$ - Additions to property, plant and equipment $(211, 447)$ $(886, 717)$ Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment $482$ $126$ Intangible assets $(22, 402)$ $(28, 057)$ Increase in other financial assets $(38)$ $(29)$ (Increase) in other non-current assets $(205, 440)$ - Decrease in other non-current assets $ 80, 161$ Cash dividends received from equity-method investees $5, 000$ $22, 700$			(48, 555)		,
Additions to property, plant and equipment $(211,447)$ $(886,717)$ Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment $482$ $126$ Intangible assets $(22,402)$ $(28,057)$ Increase in other financial assets $(38)$ $(29)$ (Increase) in other non-current assets $(205,440)$ $-$ Decrease in other non-current assets $ 80,161$ Cash dividends received from equity-method investees $5,000$ $22,700$					-
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment $482$ $126$ Intangible assets $(22, 402)$ $(28, 057)$ Increase in other financial assets $(38)$ $(29)$ (Increase) in other non-current assets $(205, 440)$ $-$ Decrease in other non-current assets $ 80, 161$ Cash dividends received from equity-method investees $5,000$ $22,700$					(886, 717)
Intangible assets $(22,402)$ $(28,057)$ Increase in other financial assets $(38)$ $(29)$ (Increase) in other non-current assets $(205,440)$ $-$ Decrease in other non-current assets $ 80,161$ Cash dividends received from equity-method investees $5,000$ $22,700$					
Increase in other financial assets $(38)$ $(29)$ (Increase) in other non-current assets $(205, 440)$ $-$ Decrease in other non-current assets $ 80, 161$ Cash dividends received from equity-method investees $5,000$ $22,700$					
(Increase) in other non-current assets $(205, 440)$ — Decrease in other non-current assets — $80, 161$ Cash dividends received from equity-method investees $5,000$ — $22,700$					
Decrease in other non-current assets - 80, 161 Cash dividends received from equity-method investees 5, 000 22, 700	(Increase) in other non-current assets				
Cash dividends received from equity-method investees 5,000 22,700			-		80, 161
	Cash dividends received from equity-method investees		5,000		
	Net cash Provided Used In Investing Activities				

(Continue)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

From January 1 to December 31, 2016 and 2015

(All amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Items	Jan 1 ~ Dec 31,2016	Jan 1 ~ Dec 31,2015
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase (decrease) in short-term loans	_	550,000
(decrease) in short-term loans	(170,000)	=
Increase in long-term borrowings	_	191, 771
Repayments of long-term loans	(9,428)	-
Increase (decrease) in nocurrent liabilities	(1, 159)	-
Decrease (increase) in treasury stock	_	(34, 454)
Employees to repurchase of treasury stock	34, 349	-
Net cash (Used In) Financing Activities	(146, 238)	707, 317
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	240, 805	(484, 740)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	234,594	719, 334
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 475, 399	\$ 234, 594

# **Independent Auditor's Audit Report**

#### The Board of Directors and Shareholders

## **MPI Corporation**

# **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **MPI CORPORATION** (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial

statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016 were as follows:

# I. Revenue Recognition

#### **Matter Description**

Regarding the accounting policy of revenue recognition, please refer to (16) of Note 4 of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Sales revenue is the major index for investors and the management to evaluate the finance or performance of MPI Group. As the point in time for revenue recognition and the amount of recognized revenue can make a big difference on the financial statements, the CPA(s) has also reviewed the accuracy of these two key factors during the audit.

## Audit Procedures in Response

The CPA(s) has implemented audit procedures in response as summarized below:

- (1) Understood and tested the design and implementation efficiency of sales and receiving circulation control system.
- (2) Understood the major revenue type and trading terms of MPI Group to assess if the accounting policy of point in time for revenue recognition is appropriate.
- (3) Understood the product type and sales of the top 10 customers; sampled and reviewed the orders; assessed the influence of trading terms to revenue recognition; and confirmed if MPI Group has handled accounting relevant activities appropriately.
- (4) Evaluated if the number of days for turning over the sales revenue and payables; and analyzed changes to customers of this and last year at the same time point to see if there is any abnormality.
- (5) Implemented the detail test, where transactions of sales revenue before and after the financial statements within a specified period have been sampled to carry out the cut-off test and verify relevant certificates. Changes to the inventory in account books and transferred sales costs have been recorded during an appropriate period of period to evaluate the correctness of the period of recognizing the revenue, ensure if there is any abnormal revenue journal voucher, and understand if there is any grave refund or return after the period.

# 2. Inventory Valuation

# **Matter Description**

Regarding the accounting policy of inventory valuation, please refer to (8) of Note 4 of Consolidated Financial Statements. Regarding significant accounting judgments, estimations, and assumptions of inventory valuation, please refer to Note 5 of Individual Financial Statements. Regarding descriptions of inventory accounting items, please refer to (4) of Note 6 of Individual Financial Statements. The Group recognize inventories amounting to NT\$2,174,063 thousand and Allowance for inventories amounting to NT\$219,377 thousand. The book value of the Group's

inventories as December 31, 2016 was NT\$1,954,686 thousand and accounted 27% of the total assets in the consolidated balance sheet.

MPI Group mainly engages in the manufacturing and sales of semiconductor production and testing equipment. Due to rapid technological changes, short life cycle and intense market competition of electronic products, there is a high tendency for inventory valuation loss and losses caused by outdated inventory. The inventory is evaluated by either the cost or net realizable value, depending on which one has the lower value. Inventories that exceed specific inventory age or are evaluated as outdated during individual assessment shall have the inventory loss evaluation conducted also based on the inventory age and future product demand during specific period of time. The information comes from the management's judgement on each product's net realizable value based on the inventory sales, age and quality conditions. As the amount of MPI Corporation's inventory is great; a number of items are included on the inventory list; and the valuation of inventories that have exceeded specific age or are outdated relies heavily on the management's subjective judgement and involves a high degree of uncertainty, the Account(s) believes that the inventory valuation and obsolescence loss is one of the key audit matters of the year.

# Audit Procedures in Response

The CPA(s) has implemented the audit procedures in response as summarized below:

- (1) With the CPA's knowledge of the industry and MPI Group's operations, evaluated the soundness of the Corporation's policies concerning the allowance for inventory valuation loss and doubtful debts.
- (2) Understood MPI Group's inventory management procedures, reviewed its annul inventory plan, and participated in its annual inventory check to evaluate the management's judgement and control efficiency of outdated inventories.
- (3) Acquired the list of product inventory age, verified the appropriateness of reporting system logic, and confirmed the consistency of report information and adopted policies.
- (4) Evaluated the appropriateness of the methods of calculating inventory valuation impairment, including deciding the inventory classification based on the net realizable value, checking individual material number to verify the basic assumption of the calculation in relevant supporting document, and verify the accuracy of calculation.

# 3. Impairment Evaluation of Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method (Goodwill Impairment Evaluation):

#### Matter Description

Regarding the accounting policy of goodwill impairment, please refer to impairment of intangible assets and non-financial assets as described in (12) and (13) of Note 4 of Consolidated Financial Statements. Regarding significant accounting judgments, estimations, and assumptions of goodwill impairment evaluation, please refer to Note 5 of Consolidated Financial Statements. Regarding

descriptions of goodwill impairment evaluation, please refer to Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method as described in (8) of Note 6 of Consolidated Financial Statements.

MPI Group acquired 100% equity of Allstron Corp (Allstron), and recognized goodwill with a value of NT\$45,533 thousand in the Consolidated Financial Statements. As a player in the electronic industry, Allstron is targeting the segment of measurement applications for its product line. For MPI Group, Allstron is a cash generating unit, and for goodwill impairment evaluation, Allstron's forecasted cash flow has been applied with an appropriate discount rate to measure this cash generating unit's recoverable amount. This year, the Allstron product line suffered from market downturn and unfavorable sales. Conducted by MPI Group, the evaluation of Allstron's recoverable amount revealed that its recoverable amount was lower than its goodwill carrying amount. MPI Group therefore recognized goodwill impairment with a value of NT\$45,533 thousand which is around 7% of individual benefits before tax, this year.

Regarding this cash generating unit's forecasted cash flow that is used to measure its recoverable amount, the forecast can come easily with subjective judgement and is accompanied with a high degree of uncertainty as it involves a number of assumptions, including the applied discount rate and five-year financial forecast that is used to estimate the future cash flow. These assumptions can make a huge difference in the measurement of recoverable amount and further affect the estimation of goodwill impairment amount. Therefore, the CPA(s) believes that the goodwill impairment evaluation conducted by MPI Group on Allstron shall be is one of the key audit matters of the year.

## Audit Procedures in Response

Regarding specific descriptions of above key audit matters, the CPA(s) has implemented the audit procedures in response as summarized below:

- (1) Evaluated the management's procedures of forecasting Allstron's future cash flow and compared the consistency between the evaluation model's cash-flow forecast for the incoming five years and the operation approved by the management.
- (2) Discussed specific actions conducted during the operation plan and reviewed management's actual performance in the past operation plan to evaluate its will and ability to perform.
- (3) With supports of the Nexia Sun Rise's financial consultants and experts, evaluated the soundness of evaluation model, all types of growth rates, discount rate and other major assumptions adopted by the internal evaluators of the management. The procedures include:
  - A. The process and accordance of forecasting the sales growth rate and interest rate.
  - B. Check the generating unit's capital cost assumptions for adopted discount rate and compare it with similar return on assets in the market.
  - C. Checked the parameter and equation setting of the evaluation model.
  - D. Evaluated alternative assumptions of various forecasted growth rates and discounts rates adopted by the management to perform the sensitivity analysis of future cash flow; and confirmed the management has appropriately handled the uncertainty and possible influence involved in the estimation of impairment evaluation.

# Other Matter-Making Reference to the Audits of Component Auditors

Information on the subsidiaries of MPI Corporation included in the aforementioned statements covering the period of 2016 and 2015. And the information on direct investment as disclosed in note 13 is valuated as audited by other public accountants. Said subsidiaries' total assets of are NT\$39,649 thousand and NT\$52,276 thousand or accounted for 0.55% and 0.79% of the consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. As of January 1 to December 31, 2016 and 2015, had net operating revenue amounted to NT\$52,927 thousand and NT\$56,362 thousand, or accounted for 1.07% and 1.40% of the consolidated net operating revenue, respectively.

## **Other Matter**

We have also audited the parent Group only financial statements of MPI CORPORATION as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 on which we have issued an unqualified opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including supervisors, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered

material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with

relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

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Sun Rise CPAs & Company Taipei, Taiwan, Republic of China

March 24, 2017

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The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

# MPI CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (ASSETS)

DECEMBER 31 ,2016 AND 2015

(All amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

		 December 31,2	016	December 31,2015			
ASSETS	Note	Amounts		Amounts		%	
CURRENT LIABILITIES			_				
Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 749,227	10	\$	473,793	7	
Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6(12)	60	-		-	-	
Notes receivable, net	6(2)	18,001	-		26,568	-	
Accounts receivable, net	6(3)	774,020	11		769,566	12	
Accounts receivable -related parties, net	6(3).7	36,613	1		81,938	1	
Other receivables		14,944	-		19,725	-	
Income tax receivable		1,736	-		1,603	-	
Inventories, net	6(4)	1,954,686	27		1,636,177	25	
Prepayments		101,670	1		125,854	2	
Other current assets	8	 11,596			10,587	-	
Total Current Assets		3,662,553	50		3,145,811	47	
NONCURRENT ASSETS							
Investments accounted for using equity method	6(6)	96,221	1		112,301	2	
Property, plant and equipment	6(7).7.8	2,971,021	41		2,962,969	45	
Intangible assets	6(8)	35,923	1		81,467	1	
Deferred income tax assets	6(18)	65,622	1		59,193	1	
Other noncurrent assets		 433,654	6		289,730	4	
Total Noncurrent Assets		3,602,441	50		3,505,660	53	
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 7,264,994	100	\$	6,651,471	100	

# MPI CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (LIABILITIES AND EQUITY)

DECEMBER 31 ,2016 AND 2015

(All amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

		 December 31,2	016	December 31,20	)15
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Note	Amounts	%	Amounts	%
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Short-term loans	6(9)	\$ 384,052	5	\$ 554,217	9
Current financial liabilites at fair value through profit or loss	6(12)	-	-	1,682	-
Notes payable		-	-	56	-
Accounts payable		425,773	6	394,182	6
Accounts payable-related parties	7	92	-	2,992	-
Payables on equipment		134,487	2	127,068	2
Other payables	6(10)	640,354	9	479,110	7
Other payables-related parties	7	342	-	6,667	-
Income tax payable		46,762	1	42,783	1
Provisions	6(11)	2,595	-	1,240	-
Sales revenue received in advance	7	696,866	10	492,069	8
Corporate bonds payable – current portion	6(12)	590,647	8	579,433	9
Current portion of long-term liabilities	6(13)	9,328	-	9,328	-
Lease obligations payable — current		16,697	-	-	-
Other current liabilities		 26,026	-	23,199	-
Total Current Liabilities		2,974,021	41	2,714,026	42
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Long-term loans	6(13)	240,640	3	250,068	4
Deferred income tax liabilities	6(18)	11,292	_	11,679	
Lease obligations payable — noncurrent	0(18)	50,091	1	11,079	_
Accrued pension cost		29,071	1	26,014	_
Other noncurrent liabilities		25,071	_	1,256	_
Total Other Liabilities		 331,191	5	289,017	4
Total Other Liabilities		 331,191		209,017	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		 3,305,212	46	3,003,043	46
EQUITY	6(15)				
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PARENT					
Capital common stock		796,054	11	796,054	12
Capital surplus		885,735	12	871,572	13
Retained earnings					
Appropriated as legal capital reserve		492,188	7	462,706	7
Unappropriated earnings		 1,803,156	24	1,509,840	23
Total Retained Earnings		 2,295,344	31	1,972,546	30
Other					
Foreign currency translation adjustments		 (30,177)	-	26,872	-
Total others		 (30,177)	-	26,872	-
Treasury stock		 	-	(34,454)	(1)
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent		 3,946,956	54	3,632,590	54
NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS		12,826	-	15,838	-
TOTAL EQUITY		 3,959,782	54	3,648,428	54
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		\$ 7,264,994	100	\$ 6,651,471	100

# MPI CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

From January 1 to December 31, 2016 and 2015

(All amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

		January 1 ~ December 31,2016			January 1 ~ December 31,2015		
Items	Note		Amounts	%		Amounts	%
OPERATING REVENUE, NET	7						
Sales revenue		\$	4,532,993	91	\$	3,712,683	92
Less: sales returns			(2,531)	-		(3,270)	-
sales discounts and allowances			(34)	-		(2,289)	-
Commission revenue			99,065	2		65,254	2
Processing Fees revenue			332,262	7		240,792	6
Operating Revenue, net			4,961,755	100		4,013,170	100
OPERATING COSTS	6(4).7		(2,665,069)	(54)		(2,220,098)	(55)
GROSS PROFIT			2,296,686	46	-	1,793,072	45
Realized (Unrealized) Gross profit on sales to subsidiaries and associates			176	_		3,039	_
GROSS PROFIT, NET			2,296,862	46		1,796,111	45
OPERATING EXPENSES	7						
Selling expenses			(443,492)	(9)		(396,216)	(10)
General & administrative expenses			(318,812)	(6)		(260,632)	(7)
Research and development expenses	6(8)		(848,616)	(17)		(819,423)	(20)
Operating expense, net	, ,		(1,610,920)	(32)		(1,476,271)	(37)
OPERATING INCOME			685,942	14		319,840	8
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES							
Other gains and losses	6(17)		(61,394)	(1)		19,578	1
Finance costs	6(17)		(19,490)	(1)		(13,397)	-
Share of profits of subsidiaries and associates	6(6)		4,341	-		6,728	-
Interest income	7		1,725	_		2,126	-
Rent income	7		7,565	_		8,888	_
Other non-operating revenue-other items	7		32,799	1		15,751	_
Total Non-operating Income			(34,454)	(1)		39,674	1
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX			651,488	13	-	359,514	9
INCOME TAX BENEFIT(EXPENSE)	6(18)		(90,651)	(2)		(65,373)	(2)
NET INCOME	, ,		560,837	11		294,141	7
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)							_
Items that are not to be reclassified to profit or loss							
Re-measurements from defined benefit plans			(1,665)	_		(8,408)	_
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			. , ,			. , ,	
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations			(57,619)	(1)		(14,542)	-
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax			(59,284)	(1)		(22,950)	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		\$	501,553	10	\$	271,191	7
NET INCOME(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO :							
Shareholers of the parent		\$	563,279	11	\$	294,820	7
Noncontrolling interests			(2,442)	-		(679)	-
-		\$	560,837	11	\$	294,141	7
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME(LOSS)							
Shareholers of the parent		\$	504,565	10	\$	272,512	7
Noncontrolling interests			(3,012)	-		(1,321)	-
		\$	501,553	10	\$	271,191	7
		After-tax			After-tax		
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE(NTD)	6(19)						
Basic earnings per share		\$	7.09		\$	3.71	
Diluted earnings per share		\$	6.49		\$	3.42	

#### MPI CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

From January 1 to December 31, 2016 and 2015

(All amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

		Capital-			 Retaine				Others				Non-		Total
Items	Cor	nmon Stock	Cap	oital Surplus	gai Capital Reserve	- 01	Earnings	Foreign C	urrency Translation Reserve	Trea	sury Stock	 Total	ntrolling		Total Equity
BALANCE,JANUARY,1,2015	\$	795,364	\$	885,012	\$ 410,942	\$	1,593,614	\$	40,772	\$	-	\$ 3,725,704	\$ 17,159	\$	3,742,863
Legal capital reserve					51,764		(51,764)					-			-
Cash Dividends of Common Stock							(318,422)					(318,422)			(318,422)
Capital Reserve From Stock Warrants				(325)								(325)			(325)
Disposal of investments accounted for under the equity method				(19,306)								(19,306)			(19,306)
Net Income in 2015							294,820					294,820	(679)		294,141
Other comprehensive income in 2015, net of income tax							(8,408)		(13,900)			(22,308)	(642)		(22,950)
Total comprehensive income in 2015		-		-	-		286,412		(13,900)		-	272,512	(1,321)		271,191
Convertible Bonds Transferred To Common Stock		690		6,191								6,881			6,881
Decrease (increase) in treasury stock											(34,454)	(34,454)			(34,454)
BALANCE, DECEMBER, 31, 2015	\$	796,054	\$	871,572	\$ 462,706	\$	1,509,840	\$	26,872	\$	(34,454)	\$ 3,632,590	\$ 15,838	\$	3,648,428
BALANCEJANUARY.1.2016	\$	796,054	\$	871,572	\$ 462,706	\$	1,509,840	\$	26.872	\$	(34,454)	\$ 3,632,590	\$ 15,838	\$	3,648,428
Legal capital reserve					29,482		(29,482)				(- , - ,	-			-
Cash Dividends of Common Stock							(238,816)					(238,816)			(238,816)
Net Income in 2016							563,279					563,279	(2,442)		560,837
Other comprehensive income in 2016, net of income tax							(1,665)		(57,049)			(58,714)	(570)		(59,284)
Total comprehensive income		_		_	 -		561,614		(57,049)		_	 504,565	 (3,012)		501,553
Issuance of stock from exercise of employee stock options				14,163					(***,****)		34,454	48.617			48,617
BALANCE, DECEMBER, 31, 2016	\$	796,054	\$	885,735	\$ 492,188	\$	1,803,156	\$	(30,177)	\$	-	\$ 3,946,956	\$ 12,826	\$	3,959,782
						_			, ., .,,			 	 	_	

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements)

### MPI CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

From January 1 to December 31, 2016 and 2015

(All amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Items		Dec 31,2016	Jan 1 ~ Dec 31,2015	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	\$	651,488	\$	359,514
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net				
Depreciation		361,936		268,359
Amortization		57,161		47,684
(Reversal) allowance for doubtful receivables		1,726		4,984
Gains on Financial Assets (Liabilities) at Fair Value through Profit or Los	ss	(1,742)		2,285
Interest expense		19,490		13,397
Interest revenue		(1,725)		(2,126)
Compensation cost of employee stock options		14,268		-
Loss (gain) on equity-method investments		(4,341)		(6,728)
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		191		307
Gains on disposal of investments		-		(5,706)
Loss on valuation of nonfinancial asset		45,533		-
(Realized) Unrealized gross profit on sales to subsidiaries and associates		(176)		(3,039)
Adjustments-exchange (Gain) loss on prepayments for equipment		(564)		1,677
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Decrease (Increase) in notes receivable		8,567		18,280
Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable		(5,804)		(185,891)
Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable-related parties		45,398		21,366
Decrease (Increase) in other receivables		4,780		2,518
Decrease (Increase) in inventories		(318,509)		75,415
Decrease (Increase) in prepayments		24,183		14,049
Decrease (Increase) in other current assets		(666)		1,179
(Decrease) Increase in notes payable		(56)		(2,204)
(Decrease) Increase in accounts payable		31,592		(106,623)
(Decrease) Increase in accounts payable-related parties		(2,900)		(5,032)
(Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable		161,361		(60,622)
(Decrease) Increase in other accounts payable-related parties		(6,325)		(7,189)
(Decrease) Increase in provision of liabilities		1,355		(3,616)
(Decrease) Increase in sales revenue received in advance		204,798		(171,217)
(Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities		2,826		4,152
Decrease(Increase) in accrued pension cost		1,392		(3,327)
Cash generated from operations		1,295,237		271,846
Interest received		1,726		2,267
Cash dividends received		13,192		-
Interest (excluding capitalization of interest)		(8,393)		(2,259)
Cash dividends		(238,816)		(318,422)
Income taxes paid		(93,622)		(111,407)
Net cash Provided By Operating Activities	-	969,324		(157,975)

(Continue)

#### MPI CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

From January 1 to December 31, 2016 and 2015

(All amounts are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Items	Jan 1 ~ Dec 31,2016	Jan 1 ~ Dec 31,2015
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at cost	-	25,938
Net cash flow from acquisition of subsidiaries	(332,669)	(1,087,949)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	482	149
Intangible assets	(22,966)	(28,057)
Increase in other financial assets	(344)	(34)
(Increase) in other non-current assets	(181,299)	-
Decrease in other non-current assets	-	43,636
Cash dividends received from equity-method investees	(123)	
Net cash Provided Used In Investing Activities	(536,919)	(1,046,317)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase (decrease) in short-term loans	-	549,833
(decrease) in short-term loans	(170,165)	-
Increase in long-term borrowings	-	191,771
Repayments of long-term loans	(9,428)	-
Increase (decrease) in other nocurrent liabilities	(1,159)	(127)
Decrease (increase) in treasury stock	-	(34,454)
Employees to repurchase of treasury stock	34,349	-
Increase (decrease) in noncontrolling interests	(570)	(642)
Net cash (Used In) Financing Activities	(146,973)	706,381
Effects of exchange rate change on cash	(9,998)	(3,908)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	275,434	(501,819)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	473,793	975,612
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 749,227	\$ 473,793

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements)

# Appendix V

## **MPI Corporation**

# **Disposition of Net Earnings**

2016

Unit: NTD

Item	Amount					
	Subtotal	Total				
Unallocated earnings at the ending		\$ 1,241,541,469				
Less: Other consolidated income (actuarial income under defined benefit plan 2016)	( 1,664,090)					
Add: Net profit after tax this year	563,278,795					
Subtotal:		1,803,156,174				
Provision:						
Less: Provision of 10% legal reserve	( 56,327,880)					
Less: Special Reserve (Shareholders' equity less-Exchange difference arising from translation of the financial statement of foreign operations)	( 30,177,018)					
Subtotal of allocable earnings:		1,716,651,276				
Item of distribution:						
Shareholder bonus - cash	( 334,342,646)					
Shareholder bonus - stock	( 0)					
Unallocated earnings at the ending		\$ 1,382,308,630				

Chairman: Ko, Chang-Lin President: Scott Kuo Chief Accounting Officer: Rose Jao

# Appendix VI

# MPI Corporation

Mapping of the clauses of the Articles of Incorporation before and after amendment

Article Article Article Article Article Article XII  The Company shall establish 5 seats of directors and 3 seats of supervisors, who shall be persons of legal competent and elected by the General Meeting of Shareholders. Directors and supervisors shall have tenure of 3 years and may be assume a second term of office if reclected. Of all the seats of directors as mentioned, there shall be at least two (2) seats of independent directors who shall be elected from a nomination of candidates system and the number of seats for independent directors shall constitute at least 1/5 of the total seats of directors. The professional qualification, quantity of shareholding, limitation of job position, methods of nomination and election and other issues for compliance shall be handled in accordance with the requirements of the competent authority of securities. The Company may purchase liability insurance policies to insure itself against liabilities incurred by directors and supervisors over the terms of their service. The board of directors is fully authorized to proceed with insurance-related matters.  Article XXII The Articles of Incorporation were instituted on July 20, 1995.  Amendment was made for the 1st instance on September 20, 1996. (skipped)  The Company shall establish 5 seats of directors and 3 seats of supervisors, who shall be nominated using the momination system and slected during the General Meeting of Shareholders, one minimation system and supervisors and supervisor candidates. Directors and supervisor shall serve a tenure of 3 years and may assume a second term of office if reelected.  Of all the seats of directors as mentioned, there shall be at least two of candidates system and the number of scats for independent directors who shall serve a tenure of 3 years and may assume a second term of office if reelected.  Of all the seats of directors as mentioned, there shall be at least two of fine tordinates and mentioned, there shall be at least two of directors and supervisors and supervisors on the tenur	17	lapping of the clauses of the Articles of	meorporation before and after amendin	
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The 20th amendment was made on		<u> </u>	± .	amendment
		(skipped)		
June 30, 2017				
			June 30, 2017	

# Appendix VII

# MPI Corporation

Comparison of Changes to "Director and Supervisor Election Rules"

Clause	Before amendment	After amendment	Cause of amendment
Article V	seats to be elected, the location where nominations are accepted, and other relevant issues. The nomination period must be no shorter than 10 days.  The board of directors or shareholders	The Company's independent directors and supervisors shall be nominated using the nomination system, and elected during the General Meeting of Shareholders from the list of nominated independent director and supervisor candidates. Before the book closure date of the General Meeting, the Company is required to announce: the period in which independent director and supervisor candidate nomination is accepted, the number of seats to be elected, the location where nominations are accepted, and other relevant issues. The nomination period must be no shorter than 10 days.  The board of directors or shareholders with more than 1% ownership interest may provide a list of independent director and supervisor candidates for the next board, to be used as reference for the next independent director and supervisor election. However, the number of nominees may not exceed the number of elected independent directors and supervisors. The same headcount applies to independent directors nominated by the board of directors.  Other relevant issues of compliance shall be governed by the Company Act and rules of the securities competent authority.	Revised Article number and
	During the election, the chairperson shall designate ballot examiners, ballot announcers and ballot counters to perform duties relating to the election. Ballot examiners may be appointed from shareholders present at the meeting.	During the election, the chairperson shall designate ballot examiners ballot announcers and ballot counters to perform duties relating to the election. Ballot examiners may be appointed from shareholders present at the meeting.	Revised Article number and wording
Article	The ballot box shall be prepared by	The ballot box shall be prepared by	Revised

Clause	Before amendment	After amendment	Cause of amendment
VII	the Company, and opened for public examination by ballot examiners prior to the election.	the Company, and opened for public examination by ballot examiners prior to the election.	Article number
Article <u>VIII</u>	Voters are required to write in the "Voted Candidate" field the name, shareholder ID and the number of votes to be cast to the candidate. Where the candidate is a corporate shareholder, write the full name of the corporate entity or the name of the corporate entity plus the name of its representative.	Voters are required to write in the "Voted Candidate" field the name, shareholder ID and the number of votes to be cast to the candidate.  Where the candidate is a corporate shareholder, write the full name of the corporate entity or the name of the corporate entity plus the name of its representative.	Revised Article number
Article <u>IX</u>	Independent director and non-independent director elections shall be held in the same session with votes counted separately.	Independent director and non-independent director elections shall be held in the same session with votes counted separately.	Revised Article number
Article X	Ballots are considered void in any of the following circumstances:  (1) Ballots that are not cast into the ballot box.  (2) Use of ballots that are not prepared by the Company.  (3) Ballots that are left blank.  (4) The candidate's name and shareholder ID do not match the shareholders registry.  (5) Ballots that are written with text and symbols other than the name and shareholder ID of the voted candidate and the number of votes assigned.  (6) Illegible writing.  (7) Alteration to the voted candidate's name, shareholder ID or number of votes assigned.  (8) The name of the voted candidate coincides with the name of another shareholder, but no shareholder ID is specified for identification purpose.	Ballots are considered void in any of the following circumstances:  (1) Ballots that are not cast into the ballot box.  (2) Use of ballots that are not prepared by the Company.  (3) Ballots that are left blank.  (4) The candidate's name and shareholder ID do not match the shareholders registry.  (5) Ballots that are written with text and symbols other than the name and shareholder ID of the voted candidate and the number of votes assigned.  (6) Illegible writing.  (7) Alteration to the voted candidate's name, shareholder ID or number of votes assigned.  (8) The name of the voted candidate coincides with the name of another shareholder, but no shareholder ID is specified for identification purpose.	Revised Article number
	Ballots are to be counted openly immediately after voting. The chairperson will announce the outcome of the vote.	Ballots are to be counted openly immediately after voting. The chairperson will announce the outcome of the vote.	Revised Article number
Article XII	This policy was established on March 5, 2001 with the approval of the board of directors, and implemented following formal acknowledgment at	This policy was established on March 5, 2001 with the approval of the board of directors, and implemented following formal acknowledgment at	Added Article number and revision

Clause	Before amendment	After amendment	Cause of amendment
	a General Meeting. The same procedures shall apply for subsequent amendments.  The 1st amendment was made on March 9, 2007 with the approval of the board of directors, and ratified during the General Meeting dated June 15, 2007.	a General Meeting. The same procedures shall apply for subsequent amendments.  The 1st amendment was made on March 9, 2007 with the approval of the board of directors, and ratified during the General Meeting dated June 15, 2007.  The 2nd amendment was made on March 24, 2017 with the approval of the board of directors, and ratified during the General Meeting dated June 13, 2017.	date

# Appendix VIII

## MPI Corporation

Comparison of Changes to "Parliamentary Procedure for General Meeting of Shareholders"

	arison of Changes to "Parliamentary Pro		
Clause	Before amendment	After amendment	Cause of
			amendment
Article II	Unless otherwise specified by law,	Unless otherwise specified by law,	Revised
	General Meetings are to be convened	General Meetings are to be convened	Article
	by the board of directors.	by the board of directors.	<u>number</u>
	The company shall prepare the	The company shall prepare the	
	electronic version of the notice of	electronic version of the notice of	
	meeting, appointment of agent form,	meeting, appointment of agent form,	
	information on motions for	information on motions for	
	ratification, discussion, the election or	ratification, discussion, the election or	
	discharge of Directors and	discharge of Directors and	
	Supervisors, and the motions and	Supervisors, and the motions and	
	causes of motions and upload the	causes of motions and upload the	
	aforementioned information to MOPS	aforementioned information to MOPS	
	at least 30 days before a regular	at least 30 days before a regular	
	session or at least 15 days before a	session or at least 15 days before a	
	1	special session of the General Meeting.	
	In addition, the company shall also	In addition, the company shall also	
	prepare the parliamentary procedure	prepare the parliamentary procedure	
		handbook and supplementary materials	
	for the meeting in electronic version	for the meeting in electronic version	
	and upload the information to MOPS	and upload the information to MOPS	
	at least 21 days before a regular	at least 21 days before a regular	
	session or 15 days before a special	session or 15 days before a special	
	session is scheduled, and prepare the	session is scheduled, and prepare the	
		hard copies of parliamentary procedure	
	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	handbook and supplementary materials	
	for the meeting and make these	for the meeting and make these	
	materials available at the offices of the		
		Company and the professional share	
		registration agent commissioned by the	
		Company, or release the materials on	
	the site of the meeting.	the site of the meeting.	
	The aforementioned notice and	The aforementioned notice and	
	announcement shall contain	announcement shall contain	
	information on the cause of the	information on the cause of the	
	•	session, and may be made in electronic	
	<u>-</u>	form at the consent of the respondents.	
	Motions of election or discharge of	Motions of election or discharge of	
	<u> </u>	Directors, Supervisors, alteration of	
	the Articles of Incorporation,	the Articles of Incorporation,	
	dissolution, merger, split up of the	dissolution, merger, split up of the	
	company, or anything as stated in	company, or anything as stated in	
	Article 185-1, Article 26-1, Article	Article 185-1, Article 26-1, Article	
	43-6 of the Securities and Exchange	43-6 of the Securities and Exchange	
	Act, and Article 56-1 and Article 60-2	Act, and Article 56-1 and Article 60-2	

Clause	Before amendment	After amendment	Cause of
			amendment
	of the Regulations Governing the	of the Regulations Governing the	
	Offering and Issuance of Securities by	Offering and Issuance of Securities by	
	Securities Issuers shall be explicitly	Securities Issuers shall be explicitly	
	stated in the cause of calling for the	stated in the cause of calling for the	
	session and cannot be proposed as	session and cannot be proposed as	
	impromptu motions.	impromptu motions.	
	Shareholders holding 1% or more of	Shareholders holding 1% or more of	
	_	the total outstanding shares of the	
		company propose motions in a regular	
	_	session in writing but each shareholder	
	is permitted to propose one motion	is permitted to propose one motion	
	only. Any more motions will not be	only. Any more motions will not be	
	included into the agenda of the	included into the agenda of the	
	meeting. For proposal of motions	meeting. For proposal of motions	
	<u> </u>	pertinent to any conditions as specified	
	in Article 172-1-(4) of the Company	in Article 172-1-(4) of the Company	
	Act may be declined by the Board for	Act may be declined by the Board for	
	including into the agenda.	including into the agenda.	
	The company shall announce the	The company shall announce the	
	motions proposed by the shareholders,	motions proposed by the shareholders,	
	the place and time for handling the	the place and time for handling the	
	motions before the date on which	motions before the date on which	
	shares are stopped for transactions	shares are stopped for transactions	
	before a regular session is scheduled.	before a regular session is scheduled.	
	At least 10 days shall be allowed for	At least 10 days shall be allowed for	
	handling the motions.	handling the motions.	
	Each motion is limited to 300 words or	Each motion is limited to 300 words or	
	it will not be included into the agenda.	it will not be included into the agenda.	
	Shareholders shall attend the regular	Shareholders shall attend the regular	
	session in period or appointing a proxy	session in period or appointing a proxy	
	to attend and engaged in the discussion	to attend and engaged in the discussion	
	of the motion being proposed.	of the motion being proposed.	
	The company shall inform the	The company shall inform the	
	shareholders of the motions being	shareholders of the motions being	
	proposed and handled before the date	proposed and handled before the date	
	of notice of the General Meeting and	of notice of the General Meeting and	
	list the motions meeting the	list the motions meeting the	
	requirements of this clause into the	requirements of this clause into the	
	-	meeting notice. For motions proposed	
	by shareholders not being listed into	by shareholders not being listed into	
	·	the agenda, the Board shall explain the	
	reasons for noting including such	reasons for noting including such	
		motions as a part of the agenda.	
Article III	Shareholders may appoint proxies to	Shareholders may appoint proxies to	Revised
	attend General Meetings by	attend General Meetings by	Article
		completing the Company's proxy form	number
	and specifying the scope of delegated	and specifying the scope of delegated	
	authority. One shareholder may	authority. One shareholder may	
	appoint one proxy and present one	appoint one proxy and present one	
	appoint one proxy and present one	promit one proxy and present one	

Clause	Before amendment	After amendment	Cause of
			amendment
	authorization of agent only and such	authorization of agent only and such	
		document shall be delivered to the	
		company no later than five (5) days	
	prior to the scheduled date of the	prior to the scheduled date of the	
		General Meeting. For repeated	
	authorization of agent, the initial	authorization of agent, the initial	
	authorization shall prevail unless	authorization shall prevail unless	
	otherwise the previous authorization	otherwise the previous authorization	
	has been declared for revocation. After	has been declared for revocation. After	
	the delivery of the authorization of	the delivery of the authorization of	
	agent to the company and that the	agent to the company and that the	
	shareholder desire to attend the	shareholder desire to attend the	
	meeting in person, or cast the vote in	meeting in person, or cast the vote in	
	correspondence or electronic form,	correspondence or electronic form,	
	such shareholder may inform the	such shareholder may inform the	
	company for the revocation of the	company for the revocation of the	
	authorization previous made in writing	authorization previous made in writing	
	no later than two (2) days prior to the	no later than two (2) days prior to the	
	scheduled date of the meeting. Any	scheduled date of the meeting. Any	
	late arrival of the petition for	late arrival of the petition for	
	revocation of the authorization agent	revocation of the authorization agent	
	will not be accepted. Accordingly, the	will not be accepted. Accordingly, the	
	proxy shall attend the meeting and cast	proxy shall attend the meeting and cast	
	the vote.	the vote.	
	Notice to the company for revocation	Notice to the company for revocation	
	of the authorization of agent must be	of the authorization of agent must be	
	made in writing. For the expression of	made in writing. For the expression of	
	such intent beyond the deadline, the	such intent beyond the deadline, the	
	vote cast by the proxy in the meeting	vote cast by the proxy in the meeting	
	under the authorization of agent shall	under the authorization of agent shall	
	stand.	stand.	
Article IV	An attendance log shall be provided to	An attendance log shall be provided to	Revised
		record shareholders' attendance;	Article
	-	alternatively, shareholders may present	
	•	attendance cards to signify their	and
		<del>presence.</del>	amended
	<del>-</del>	The quantity of shares represented by	contents to
		the shareholders attending the meeting	conform
		shall be based on the information of	with law
		the sign-in books and the sign-in cards	
		being surrendered.	
	The company shall present the	The company shall present the	
	÷ • •	parliamentary handbook, annual	
	=	report, attendance card, speech memo,	
	± ±	ballots, and other materials for the	
		meeting to shareholders attending the	
		meeting. If there is an election of	
	<u> </u>	Directors and Supervisors to be held,	
	•	attach a ballot for such purpose.	

Clause	Before amendment	After amendment	Cause of amendment
	the attendance card, sign-in card, or other documents for attending the meeting. The Company shall not add the requirement for additional identification documents for a shareholder's attendance to the meeting. Persons requesting for	The shareholders shall bring with them the attendance card, sign-in card, or other documents for attending the meeting. The Company shall not add the requirement for additional identification documents for a shareholder's attendance to the meeting. Persons requesting for authorization of agent instrument shall bring their ID documents for confirmation.  Where the shareholders may be the government or institutions, more than one representative may be assigned to attend the meeting.	
Article V	Meetings are represented in numbers of shares. The quantity of shares represented by the shareholders attending the meeting shall be based on the information of the sign-in book	Attendance and voting during General Meetings shall be represented in numbers of shares. The quantity of shares represented by the shareholders attending the meeting shall be based on the information of the sign-in book or the sign-in cards being surrendered, plus the votes representing the shares cast by correspondence or electronic mean.	Revised Article number and wording
Article <u>VI</u>	Meetings must not commence anytime	General Meetings shall be held at locations that are suitable and convenient for shareholders to attend. Meetings must not commence anytime earlier than 9:00 am or later than 3:00 pm.	Revised Article number
Article VII	General Meetings that are convened by the board of directors shall be chaired by the Chairman. If the Chairman is unable to perform such duties due to leave of absence or any reason, the Vice Chairman shall act on the Chairman's behalf. If the Vice Chairman is also unavailable or is non-existent, the Chairman may appoint one of the directors to act on behalf. If the Chairman does not appoint a delegate, one shall be elected among the directors to act on behalf. Where an entitled third party other than the Board of Directors may call for the General Meeting, such party	General Meetings that are convened by the board of directors shall be chaired by the Chairman. If the Chairman is unable to perform such duties due to leave of absence or any reason, the Vice Chairman shall act on the Chairman's behalf. If the Vice Chairman is also unavailable or is non-existent, the Chairman may appoint one of the directors to act on behalf. If the Chairman does not appoint a delegate, one shall be elected among the directors to act on behalf. Where an entitled third party other than the Board of Directors may call for the General Meeting, such party shall preside over the meeting. In case	Article number

Clause	Before amendment	After amendment	Cause of amendment
	there are two entitled parties calling for the General Meeting, one of them shall be nominated to preside over the meeting.	there are two entitled parties calling for the General Meeting, one of them shall be nominated to preside over the meeting.	
Article VIII	The company may summon its lawyers, certified public accountants, and any relevant personnel to be present at the General Meeting. Personnel administering the General Meeting shall wear ID badge or arm badge at the venue of the meeting.	The company may summon its lawyers, certified public accountants, and any relevant personnel to be present at the General Meeting. Personnel administering the General Meeting shall wear ID badge or arm badge at the venue of the meeting.	Revised Article number
Article <u>IX</u>	The Company's General Meetings must be recorded in video or audio, and kept for at least 1 year. If legal action is instituted by shareholders pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the ballots shall be retained until the final ruling of the action.	The Company's General Meetings must be recorded in video or audio, and kept for at least 1 year. If legal action is instituted by shareholders pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the ballots shall be retained until the final ruling of the action.	Revised Article number
Article X	the meeting up to two times, for a period totaling no more than one hour. The chairperson shall dismiss the meeting if the attending shareholders still represent less than one-thirds of outstanding shares after two postponements. In the event of that postponement has been made twice and the shareholders present in the meeting cannot represent one-half but represent more than one-third of the total outstanding shares, Article 175-1 of the Company Act shall be applicable whereby provisional resolution could be made. If the session is still in progress with the eventual presence of shareholders representing more than half of the total	The chairperson should announce commencement of meeting as soon as it is due. However, if attendants represent less than half of the Company's outstanding shares, the chairperson may announce to postpone the meeting up to two times, for a period totaling no more than one hour. The chairperson shall dismiss the meeting if the attending shareholders still represent less than one-thirds of outstanding shares after two postponements. In the event of that postponement has been made twice and the shareholders present in the meeting cannot represent one-half but represent more than one-third of the total outstanding shares, Article 175-1 of the Company Act shall be applicable whereby provisional resolution could be made. If the session is still in progress with the eventual presence of shareholders representing more than half of the total outstanding shares, the Chairman shall refer the provisional resolution to the General Meeting for finalization pursuant to Article 174 of the Company Act.	Revised Article number

Clause	Before amendment	After amendment	Cause of amendment
Article XI	Where General Meeting is convened by the board of directors, the meeting proceeding shall be determined by the board of directors and followed	Where General Meeting is convened by the board of directors, the meeting proceeding shall be determined by the board of directors and followed	Revised Article number
		accordingly. No changes can be made	
	to the proceeding except with shareholders' resolution; however,	to the proceeding except with shareholders' resolution; however,	
	changes to the order of the proceeding can be made at the chairperson's	changes to the order of the proceeding can be made at the chairperson's	
		discretion.	
	If only the rearrangement of the orders	of the meeting is required, the	
	of the meeting is required, the Chairman shall make such	Chairman shall make such	
	arrangement.	arrangement.	
	The same principle shall be applicable	The same principle shall be applicable	
		to General Meeting being called for by	
	parties other than the Board of	parties other than the Board of	
	Directors. Before the parliamentary procedure is	Directors. Before the parliamentary procedure is	
	accomplished in accordance with the	accomplished in accordance with the	
	agenda (including the impromptu	agenda (including the impromptu	
		motions) as stated in the preceding two	
	(2) paragraphs, the Chairman cannot	(2) paragraphs, the Chairman cannot	
	announce for the adjournment of the	announce for the adjournment of the	
	meeting unless at the resolution of the shareholders in session. However, the	meeting unless at the resolution of the	
	Chairman may announce for the	shareholders in session. However, the Chairman may announce for the	
	adjournment of the meeting for	adjournment of the meeting for	
	maintaining order of the session, or	maintaining order of the session, or	
	=	there is something that cannot allow	
	for the smooth progress of the	for the smooth progress of the	
	meeting.	meeting.	
	After the meeting is adjourned, shareholders cannot nominate another	After the meeting is adjourned, shareholders cannot nominate another	
	chairman or seek another venue for	chairman or seek another venue for	
	continuation of the meeting.	continuation of the meeting.	
Article XII	Shareholders who wish to speak	Shareholders who wish to speak	Revised
	=	during the meeting must produce an	Article
	opinion slip detailing the topic,	opinion slip detailing the topic,	<u>number</u>
	shareholder ID (or the attendance ID	shareholder ID (or the attendance ID	
	serial) and shareholder's name. The	serial) and shareholder's name. The	
	order of shareholders' comments shall be determined by the chairperson.	order of shareholders' comments shall be determined by the chairperson.	
	Shareholders who have just prepared	Shareholders who have just prepared	
	9 1 1	the speech memo without taking the	
	floor for delivery of speech shall be	floor for delivery of speech shall be	
	¥ =	deemed no delivery of speech. In case	
	-	the content of the speech delivered on	
	the floor is irrelevant with the content	the floor is irrelevant with the content	

Clause	Before amendment	After amendment	Cause of amendment
	in the speech memo, the latter shall stand. When a shareholder is having the floor, all other shareholders shall not interfere unless at the consent of the Chairman or the shareholder who is taking the floor. Any unrestrained action shall be discouraged by the Chairman.	in the speech memo, the latter shall stand. When a shareholder is having the floor, all other shareholders shall not interfere unless at the consent of the Chairman or the shareholder who is taking the floor. Any unrestrained action shall be discouraged by the Chairman.	
	the same agenda without the consent of the chairperson.  The Chairman shall prevent further speech of a particular shareholder who violates the aforementioned requirements or where the content of the speech is irrelevant to the motion in point.	Shareholder cannot speak for more than two times, for 5 minutes each, on the same agenda without the consent of the chairperson.  The Chairman shall prevent further speech of a particular shareholder who violates the aforementioned requirements or where the content of the speech is irrelevant to the motion in point.	Revised Article number
Article XIV	Corporate entities can only appoint one representative to attend General Meetings. For institutional shareholders appointing two (2) or more representatives to the General Meeting, only one representative may expression opinion on particular motion.	Corporate entities can only appoint one representative to attend General Meetings. For institutional shareholders appointing two (2) or more representatives to the General Meeting, only one representative may expression opinion on particular motion.	Revised Article number
Article XV	to the shareholder's queries personally	After a shareholder has finished speaking, the chairperson may answer to the shareholder's queries personally or appoint any relevant personnel to do so.	Revised Article number
Article XVI	represented during the meeting. For resolution of the General Meeting, the quantity of shares held by shareholders without voting rights is excluded as a part of the total outstanding shares. For motions where specific shareholders have a conflict of interest with the company, these shareholder shall be excused from voting and cannot acting as the proxy of another shareholder to exercise the voting	Votes in a General Meeting are determined by the number of shares represented during the meeting. For resolution of the General Meeting, the quantity of shares held by shareholders without voting rights is excluded as a part of the total outstanding shares. For motions where specific shareholders have a conflict of interest with the company, these shareholder shall be excused from voting and cannot acting as the proxy of another shareholder to exercise the voting right.	Revised Article number

Clause	Before amendment	After amendment	Cause of
			amendment
	The quantity of shares bearing no	The quantity of shares bearing no	
	voting right is excluded from the	voting right is excluded from the	
	quantity of shares represented by	quantity of shares represented by	
	shareholders attending the meeting in	shareholders attending the meeting in	
	the calculation.	the calculation.	
	If particular person who has been	If particular person who has been	
	appointed by two (2) or more	appointed by two (2) or more	
	shareholders as proxy to attend the	shareholders as proxy to attend the	
	meeting, the voting right being	meeting, the voting right being	
	represented under the authorization of	represented under the authorization of	
	agent shall not exceed 3% of the total	agent shall not exceed 3% of the total	
	quantity of outstanding shares bearing	quantity of outstanding shares bearing	
	voting rights or the voting right in	voting rights or the voting right in	
	1	excess of relevant quantity shall not be	
	counted.	counted.	
Article	Shareholders are entitled to one vote	Shareholders are entitled to one vote	Revised
XVII	per share, except for shares that are	per share, except for shares that are	<u>Article</u>
	subject to voting restrictions or	subject to voting restrictions or	<u>number</u>
	circumstances outlined in Paragraph 2,	circumstances outlined in Paragraph 2,	and_
	Article 179 of The Company Act.	Article 179 of The Company Act.	<u>amended</u>
	When the General Meeting is in	When the General Meeting is in	contents to
	session, votes can be cast by	session, votes can be cast by	conform
	correspondence or electronic means.	correspondence or electronic means.	with law
	Where the company may adopt an	Where the company may adopt an	
	electronic means of voting pursuant to	electronic means of voting pursuant to	
	Article 177-1-(1) of the Company Act	Article 177-1-(1) of the Company Act	
	in exception, it shall adopt both voting	in exception, it shall adopt both voting	
	by correspondence or electronic	by correspondence or electronic	
	means. In so doing, the company shall	means. In so doing, the company shall	
	specify the detail of voting by	specify the detail of voting by	
	correspondence or electronic means in the notice of General Meeting.	correspondence or electronic means in the notice of General Meeting.	
	Shareholders casting their votes by	Shareholders casting their votes by	
	correspondence or electronic means	correspondence or electronic means	
	shall be deemed attending the meeting	shall be deemed attending the meeting	
	in person but votes on impromptu	in person but votes on impromptu	
	motions or amendment to original	motions or amendment to original	
	motions shall be deemed their	motions shall be deemed their	
	abstention from voting of these	abstention from voting of these	
	motions. Instructions to exercise	motions. Instructions to exercise	
	written and electronic votes must be	written and electronic votes must be	
	delivered to the Company at least 5	delivered to the Company at least 2	
	days before the General Meeting. In	days before the General Meeting. In	
		the event of duplicate submissions, the	
	earliest submission received shall	earliest submission received shall	
	prevail. In case of repeated expression	prevail. In case of repeated expression	
	of intent, the initial intent so expressed	of intent, the initial intent so expressed	
	shall stand unless declaration for the	shall stand unless declaration for the	
	revocation of the previous expression	revocation of the previous expression	

Clause	Before amendment	After amendment	Cause of
	wish to attend the General Meeting in person after exercising their voting rights in writing or using electronic methods are required to withdraw their votes using the same method by which the vote was cast in the first place, by no later than 1 day before the day of General Meeting. The written/electronic vote shall prevail if not withdrawn before the cutoff time. If an expression of intent to vote by correspondence or electronic means has been made and at the same time, a proxy has been appointed to attend the	of intent is made. Shareholders who wish to attend the General Meeting in person after exercising their voting rights in writing or using electronic methods are required to withdraw their votes using the same method by which the vote was cast in the first place, by no later than 2 days before the day of General Meeting. The written/electronic vote shall prevail if not withdrawn before the cutoff time. If an expression of intent to vote by correspondence or electronic means has been made and at the same time, a proxy has been appointed to attend the meeting, the votes cast by the proxy in the meeting shall stand.	amendment
Article XVIII	motion is considered to have been sufficiently discussed to proceed with voting. A motion is passed if no objection is expressed by attendants upon the chairperson's inquiry. If a vote is called by the chairperson, the	The chairperson may announce to discontinue further discussions if the motion is considered to have been sufficiently discussed to proceed with voting. A motion is passed if no objection is expressed by attendants upon the chairperson's inquiry. If a vote is called by the chairperson, the attendants may vote on multiple	Revised Article number
	The chairperson will appoint a ballot examiner and a ballot counter; the ballot examiner must be a shareholder. The result of voting shall be announced on the scene immediately and tracked on record.	The chairperson will appoint a ballot examiner and a ballot counter; the ballot examiner must be a shareholder. The result of voting shall be announced on the scene immediately and tracked on record.	Revised Article number
Article XX	The chairperson may call the meeting into recess at a suitable time.	The chairperson may call the meeting into recess at a suitable time.	Revised Article number
Article <u>XXI</u>	Incorporation, an agenda is passed with the consent of shareholders representing more than half of total voting interests in the meeting. At the point of voting, the Chairman or designated personnel shall announce the total quantity of voting rights represented by the shareholders before	Unless otherwise specified in The Company Act or the Articles of Incorporation, an agenda is passed with the consent of shareholders representing more than half of total voting interests in the meeting. At the point of voting, the Chairman or designated personnel shall announce the total quantity of voting rights represented by the shareholders before proceeding to voting.	Revised Article number

Clause	Before amendment	After amendment	Cause of
	has been taken and the effect shall be the same as casting votes for	For motions that have no adverse opinions from the shareholders in session as announced, it shall be deemed action in favor of the motions has been taken and the effect shall be the same as casting votes for resolution. For motions that triggered adverse opinions, decision shall be made by voting as stated in preceding paragraphs.	amendment
Article XXII	In cases where there are several amendments or alternative solutions to a certain agenda, the chairperson shall determine the order in which the new and original proposals are voted. If one of these motion, amendment or substitute is being passed, all other options shall be deemed vetoed and no	In cases where there are several amendments or alternative solutions to a certain agenda, the chairperson shall determine the order in which the new and original proposals are voted. If one of these motion, amendment or substitute is being passed, all other options shall be deemed vetoed and no further voting is necessary.	Revised Article number
Article XXIII	and signed by the witness, and retained for at least one year.  If legal action is instituted by shareholders pursuant to Article 189 of	Director and supervisor elections in the General Meeting shall proceed according to the Company's election rules. Election results must be announced on-site.  The ballots for the aforementioned election shall be kept in the box, sealed and signed by the witness, and retained for at least one year.  If legal action is instituted by shareholders pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the ballots shall be retained until the final ruling of the action.	
Article XIV	General Meeting resolutions shall be compiled into detailed minutes, and signed or sealed by the chairperson, and disseminated to each shareholder by no later than 20 days after the meeting. The preparation and the circulation of the minutes of meeting on record may be made electronically. The minutes of meeting on record as mentioned may be uploaded to MOPS for announcement.  The content of the minutes of meeting on record shall contain information on	General Meeting resolutions shall be compiled into detailed minutes, and signed or sealed by the chairperson, and disseminated to each shareholder by no later than 20 days after the meeting. The preparation and the circulation of the minutes of meeting on record may be made electronically. The minutes of meeting on record as mentioned may be uploaded to MOPS for announcement.  The content of the minutes of meeting on record shall contain information on the date, month, year, venue, name of chairman, method of resolution, the	Revised Article number

Clause	Before amendment	After amendment	Cause of
	C.1:	6.12	amendment
	entire perpetuity of the company.	process of discussion, the summary and result, and shall be kept during the entire perpetuity of the company.	
	± • •	Where the method of resolution as mentioned is the inquiry by the	
		chairman for opinions from the	
		shareholders and that the shareholders	
		expressed no adverse opinions, specify	
	<del>-</del>	as "passed at unanimous consent of the shareholders upon the inquiry of the	
		chairman". In case of adverse opinion	
	_	from the shareholders, specify the	
		method of voting and the number of votes in favor of the motion and the	
	proportion to the voting rights.	proportion to the voting rights.	
Article XXV	± * ±	During the General Meeting, the Company shall publish information regarding the number of proxy forms	Revised Article number
	acquired and the number of shares	acquired and the number of shares	<u>namoer</u>
	=	represented by proxies using the	
		prescribed format.	
	<del>*</del>	Where the motions for resolutions may	
	involve materiality under law or	involve materiality under law or	
	Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation	Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation	
	· · ·	(Taipei Exchange, TPEx (Gre Tai	
	Securities Market, GTSM)), the	Securities Market, GTSM)), the	
		company shall upload the information to MOPS within stipulated time.	
Article		Organizers of the General Meeting	Revised
XXVI	must wear proper identification or arm	must wear proper identification or arm badges.	
	The Chairman may instruct a prefect	The Chairman may instruct a prefect	
		team (or security personnel) to	
	maintain order of the meeting.	maintain order of the meeting.	
	In maintaining order at the venue of	In maintaining order at the venue of	
	-	the meeting, the prefect team (or	
	7 = '	security personnel) shall wear arm	
		badge marking the word "prefect".	
	Where the meeting place may be	Where the meeting place may be	
		equipped with sound amplifier	
		equipment, the Chairman shall stop any speech delivered by shareholders	
	• •	not using the equipment installed by	
		the company.	
		In the event of insubordination to the	
		correction of the Chairman,	
		obstruction of the progress of the	
	meeting and failure to take corrective	meeting and failure to take corrective	

Clause	Before amendment	After amendment	Cause of amendment
	shareholder shall be escorted by the	action upon persuasion, the respective shareholder shall be escorted by the prefect or security personnel to leave the venue on the order of the Chairman.	
	of directors, and implemented following formal approval at a General Meeting. The same procedures shall apply for subsequent amendments. (skipped)	This policy was established on March 5, 2001 with the approval of the board of directors, and implemented following formal approval at a General Meeting. The same procedures shall apply for subsequent amendments. (skipped)  The 6th amendment was made on March 6, 2017 with the approval of the board of directors, and ratified during the General Meeting dated June 13, 2017.	revision date

# Appendix IX

# MPI Corporation

Comparison of Changes to "Procedure for the Acquisition and Disposition of Assets"

Clause	Before amendment	After amendment	Cause of
	In the execut of our of the	In the expent of our of the	amendment
Article	In the event of any of the	In the event of any of the	To conform
VIII	followings in the acquisition and	followings in the acquisition and	with .
VIII	disposition of assets, the company shall declare with FSC at	disposition of assets, the company	requirements
		shall declare with FSC at	of the
	designated format to designated website within 2 days after action	designated format to designated website within 2 days after action	Financial
	has been taken depending on the	has been taken depending on the	Supervisory
	nature of the assets:	nature of the assets:	Commission
	I. Acquisition or disposition of	I. Acquisition or disposition of	stated in
	assets from related parties, or	assets from related parties, or	Letter No.
	engagement in other transactions	engagement in other transactions	Jin-Guan-Zhe
	with related parties beyond the	with related parties beyond the	ng-Fa-Tze
	acquisition and disposition of assets	acquisition and disposition of assets	1060001296
	in excess of 20% of the paid-in	in excess of 20% of the paid-in	
	capital, 10% of the total assets, or	capital, 10% of the total assets, or	
	NTD 300 million of the company.	NTD 300 million of the company.	
	This excludes trading of	This excludes trading of	
	government bonds, bond	government bonds, bond	
	repurchases/resales, and	repurchases/resales, and	
	subscription or redemption of	subscription or redemption of	
	domestic money market funds.	money market funds issued by	
	·	domestic securities investment trust	
		companies.	
	II. Proceeding to corporate	II. Proceeding to corporate	
	mergers, split up, acquisition or	mergers, split up, acquisition or	
	acceptance of the assignment of	acceptance of the assignment of	
	shares.	shares.	
	III. Loss in derivative trade at the	III. Loss in derivative trade at the	
	upper limit of all or individual	upper limit of all or individual	
	contracts as set forth in the	contracts as set forth in the	
	procedure governing derivative	procedure governing derivative	
	trade.	trade.	
	IV. All transactions of assets	<u>IV</u> . Acquisition or disposal of	
	further to the content as stated in	operational machinery and	
	the preceding 3 paragraphs,	equipment, where the counterparty	
	disposition of creditor right by financial institutions, or	is not a related party <u>and the</u> transaction amount meets any of the	
	investments in Mainland China	following requirements:	
	which amount is in excess of 20%	(I) For public companies with	
	of the paid-in capital of the	paid-up capital less than NTD 10	
	company or NTD300 million	billion, the transaction amounts to	
	except the followings:	NTD 500 million and above.	
	(I) Trading of government bonds.	(II) For public companies with	
	(II) Where the Company specializes	paid-up capital of NTD 10 billion	
	in the investment profession, any	or higher, the transaction amounts	
	securities traded through domestic	to NTD 1 billion and above.	
	and overseas exchange or through	V. For public construction	
	securities firms, or securities	company, acquisition or disposal of	

subscribed by a securities firm in the primary market according to laws.

(III) Bond repurchases/resales, or subscription or redemption of domestic money market funds. (IV) Acquisition or disposal of operational machinery and equipment amounting to less than NTD 500 million, where the counterparties are unrelated. (V) Acquisition or disposal of real estate properties for construction use by a public-listed company involved in the construction business, which amount to less than million. NTD 500 million and that the counterparties are unrelated. (VI) Acquisition of real estate property through the form of: commissioned development over purchased land, commissioned development over leased land, joint development with separate ownership, joint development with proportional holding, or joint development with partial sale, which the Company expects to invest no more than NTD 500 million.

construction property where the counterparty is not a related party and the transaction does not amount to NTD 500 million and above.

VI. Acquisition of real estate property through the form of: commissioned development over purchased land, commissioned development over leased land, joint development with separate ownership, joint development with proportional holding, or joint development with partial sale, which the Company expects to invest no more than NTD 500 million.

<u>VII</u>. All transactions of assets further to the content as stated in the preceding <u>6</u> paragraphs, disposition of creditor right by financial institutions, or investments in Mainland China which amount is in excess of 20% of the paid-in capital of the company or NTD 300 million, except the followings:

(I) Trading of government bonds.
(II) Where the company specializes in the investment profession, any securities traded through domestic and overseas exchange or through securities firms, or ordinary corporate bonds and ordinary bank debentures without equity attribute subscribed in the domestic primary market, or securities subscribed by a securities firm as part of its underwriting service or counseling service for Emerging Stock Market companies as regulated by Taipei Exchange.

(III) Bond repurchases/resales, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust companies.

The aforementioned amounts shall be calculated in the following methods:

I. The amount of each transaction.
II. The accumulated amount for transactions with particular counterparty for the acquisition or disposition of subject of trade of the

The aforementioned amounts shall be calculated in the following methods:

I. The amount of each transaction. II. The cumulative amount of similar assets acquired from or disposed to the same counterparty over the past one year.

III. The accumulated amount of the acquisition or disposition (calculated separately) of the same project of real property in one year. IV. The accumulated amount of acquisition or dispositions (calculated separately) of particular security in one year.

One year as referred to shall be the period from the date of deed moving backward for one year in retrospect. The portion of trade already declared as required in this procedure could be exempted from calculation.

The company shall declare all information of derivative trade conducted by itself and subsidiaries, information of derivative trade which are not domestic public companies to the end of the previous month in designated format to designated website of FSC by the 10th day of each month. format to designated website of In the event or error of missing of the items required for declaration, the company shall take corrective action and shall declare for a new round as required.

In acquisition of disposition of assets, the company shall keep a copy of related contracts, minutes of meetings on record, record books, appraisal reports, opinions issued by certified public accountants, lawyers or securities underwriters and retain such documents for at least 5 years unless otherwise specified by law.

same nature in one year.

III. The accumulated amount of the acquisition or disposition (calculated separately) of the same project of real property in one year. IV. The accumulated amount of acquisition or dispositions (calculated separately) of particular security in one year. One year as referred to shall be the period from the date of deed moving backward for one year in retrospect. The portion of trade already declared as required in this procedure could be exempted from calculation.

The company shall declare all conducted by itself and subsidiaries, which are not domestic public companies to the end of the previous month in designated FSC by the 10th day of each month. In the event or error of missing of the items required for declaration, the company shall take corrective action and shall declare for a new round within 2 days after becoming aware.

In acquisition of disposition of assets, the company shall keep a copy of related contracts, minutes of meetings on record, record books, appraisal reports, opinions issued by certified public accountants, lawyers or securities underwriters and retain such documents for at least 5 years unless otherwise specified by law.

Article X

Except for transactions involving government agency, commissioned development of purchased land, commissioned development of leased land, and acquisition/disposal of machinery for business operations, all other acquisitions and disposals of property and equipment amounting to more than 20% of the company's paid up capital or NTD 300 million must be supported by valuation reports issued by professional valuers prior to the event. These

Except for transactions involving government agency, commissioned development of purchased land, commissioned development of leased land, and acquisition/disposal of machinery for business operations, all other acquisitions and disposals of property and equipment amounting to more than 20% of the company's paid up capital or NTD 300 million must be supported by valuation reports issued by professional valuers prior to the event. These

To conform with requirements of the Financial Supervisory Commission stated in Letter No. Jin-Guan-Zhe ng-Fa-Tze 1060001296

valuation reports shall also comply with the following:

- Where limit price, fixed price or specific price is taken as reference for setting the transaction price due to specific reasons, the resolution of the Board of Directors shall be necessary before the transaction. The same procedure is applicable to any change in the terms and conditions of subsequent transactions.
- The transaction amount exceeds NTD1 billion shall be subject to the appraisal of at least 2 professional appraisal firms.
- III. If valuation concluded by the professional valuer exhibits any of the following, a certified public accountant must be engaged to discrepant value and the rationality of the transaction price in accordance with Statement on Auditing Standards No. 20, published by the Accounting Research and Development Foundation in Taiwan (ARDF). except in situations where the valued price is higher than the price of asset acquired or lower than the price of asset sold:
- The difference between the appraisal value and the transaction amount exceeds 20% of the transaction amount.
- by 2 or more professional appraisal firms showed variation of more than 10% of the transaction value. IV. The date on which the professional appraisal firms issued
- the appraisal reports shall not fall beyond 3 months from the date of entering into agreements. If the announced present value in the same period is applicable and is appraisal firms shall present a statement of opinion.

Except in situations where the Article XII counterparty is a government agency, acquisition or disposal of membership or other intangible

valuation reports shall also comply with the following:

- Where limit price, fixed price or specific price is taken as reference for setting the transaction price due to specific reasons, the resolution of the Board of Directors shall be necessary before the transaction. The same procedure is applicable to any change in the terms and conditions of subsequent transactions.
- The transaction amount exceeds NTD1 billion shall be subject to the appraisal of at least 2 professional appraisal firms.
- III. If valuation concluded by the professional valuer exhibits any of the following, a certified public accountant must be engaged to provide opinions with regards to the provide opinions with regards to the discrepant value and the rationality of the transaction price in accordance with Statement on Auditing Standards No. 20. published by the Accounting Research and Development Foundation in Taiwan (ARDF). except in situations where the valued price is higher than the price of asset acquired or lower than the price of asset sold:
  - The difference between the appraisal value and the transaction amount exceeds 20% of the transaction amount.
- (II) The appraisal values presented (II) The appraisal values presented by 2 or more professional appraisal firms showed variation of more than 10% of the transaction value.
- IV. The date on which the professional appraisal firms issued the appraisal reports shall not fall beyond 3 months from the date of entering into agreements. If the announced present value in the same period is applicable and is falling within 6 months, the original falling within 6 months, the original appraisal firms shall present a statement of opinion.

Except in situations where the counterparty is a government agency, acquisition or disposal of membership or other intangible

To conform with requirements of the

	assets that amount to more than 20% of paid-up capital or NTD 300	assets that amount to more than 20% of paid-up capital or NTD 300	Financial Supervisory
	million must be supported by CPA's	I	Commission
	opinions with regards to the	opinions with regards to the	stated in
	rationality of the transaction price	rationality of the transaction price	Letter No.
	according to Statement on Auditing	according to Statement on Auditing	Jin-Guan-Zhe
	Standards No. 20 published by	Standards No. 20 published by	ng-Fa-Tze
	ADRF before the deal is executed.	ADRF before the deal is executed.	1060001296
A .* 1	With the exception of government	With the exception of government	To conform
Article	bonds, bond repurchases/resales,	bonds, bond repurchases/resales,	with
XVI	and subscription/redemption of	and subscription/redemption of	requirements
	domestic money market funds, any	money market funds issued by	of the
	acquisition or disposal of real estate	domestic securities investment trust	Financial
	property with a related party and	companies, any acquisition or	Supervisory
	any acquisition or disposal of	disposal of real estate property with	Commission
	non-real estate asset with a related	a related party and any acquisition	stated in
	party that amounts to more than	or disposal of non-real estate asset	Letter No.
	20% of paid-up capital, 10% of	with a related party that amounts to	Jin-Guan-Zhe
	total assets or NT\$300 million are	more than 20% of paid-up capital,	
	subject to the board of directors'	10% of total assets or NT\$300	ng-Fa-Tze
	approval and supervisors'	million are subject to the board of	1060001296
	acknowledgment before contracting	directors' approval and supervisors'	
	and payment. The following	acknowledgment before contracting	
	information must be presented for	and payment. The following	
	approval and acknowledgment:	information must be presented for	
	I The manner of managity and	approval and acknowledgment:	
	I. The purpose, necessity, and	I. The purpose, necessity, and	
	-	expected return of the acquisition or	
	disposition of assets.  II. The reason for choosing a	disposition of assets.  II. The reason for choosing a	
	related party as the counterparty.	related party as the counterparty.	
	III. Information on assessment of	III. Information on assessment of	
	the expected terms and conditions	the expected terms and conditions	
	of transactions to justify the	of transactions to justify the	
		acquisition of real properties from a	
	related party.	related party.	
	IV. Information on the original	IV. Information on the original	
	date of acquisition of the assets by	date of acquisition of the assets by	
	the related party and the price, the	the related party and the price, the	
	counterparty and its relation to the	counterparty and its relation to the	
	related party and the company.	related party and the company.	
	V. The projection of cash flows	V. The projection of cash flows	
	from the month the agreement is	from the month the agreement is	
	made in one year ahead with	made in one year ahead with	
	assessment of the necessity of the	assessment of the necessity of the	
	transaction and the rationale of	transaction and the rationale of	
	capital utilization.	capital utilization.	
	VI. The appraisal reports issued by	VI. The appraisal reports issued by	
	professional appraisal firms or	professional appraisal firms or	
	opinions of certified public	opinions of certified public	
	accountants as required in Article 15.	accountants as required in Article 15.	
	VII. The constrained conditions and		
	other important terms and	and other important terms and	
	omer important terms and	and onior important terms and	<u> </u>

conditions of these transactions. The calculation of the amount as stated in the preceding paragraph shall be done in accordance with Article 8. One year as referred to shall be the period from the date of deed moving backward for one year in retrospect. The amount that has been ratified by the Board of Directors and Supervisors as required by this standard can be excluded from the calculation. Acquisition or disposal of operational equipment with the Company's parent or subsidiary may be carried out at the discretion of the accountable department. subject to board of directors' authorization according to Subparagraph 1, Article 5. The board may authorize the Chairman certain limit and seek the board's acknowledgment on a later date. If the company has independent directors in place as required by The Securities Exchange Act, independent directors' opinions shall also be fully taken into consideration when issues of the first paragraph are raised for discussion by the board. Any objections or qualified opinions made by independent directors must be shown in the board of directors meeting minutes.

Where an Auditing Committee may with the Securities and Exchange Act whereby the recognition of the Supervisors is necessary, the approval by a simple majority of all members of the Auditing Committee is required before presenting to the Board for resolution.

The requirement of 10% of the total assets in this procedure shall be based on the amount of total assets as stated in the parent company only or individual financial statements prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the

conditions of these transactions. The calculation of the amount as stated in the preceding paragraph shall be done in accordance with Article 8. One year as referred to shall be the period from the date of deed moving backward for one year in retrospect. The amount that has been ratified by the Board of Directors and Supervisors as required by this standard can be excluded from the calculation. Acquisition or disposal of operational equipment with the Company's parent or subsidiary may be carried out at the discretion of the accountable department. subject to board of directors' authorization according to Subparagraph 1, Article 5. The board may authorize the Chairman to approve such transactions up to a to approve such transactions up to a certain limit and seek the board's acknowledgment on a later date. If the company has independent directors in place as required by The Securities Exchange Act, independent directors' opinions shall also be fully taken into consideration when issues of the first paragraph are raised for discussion by the board. Any objections or qualified opinions made by independent directors must be shown in the board of directors meeting minutes.

Where an Auditing Committee may have been established in accordance have been established in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act whereby the recognition of the Supervisors is necessary, the approval by a simple majority of all members of the Auditing Committee is required before presenting to the Board for resolution.

The requirement of 10% of the total assets in this procedure shall be based on the amount of total assets as stated in the parent company only or individual financial statements prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Preparation of Financial Reports by

fiscal period.

If there is no face value for the company shares, or the face value per each share is not NTD10, the requirement of 20% of the paid-in capital as stated in this procedure shall be based on the 10% of the shareholders' equity attributable to the parent company.

Securities Issuers in the most recent Securities Issuers in the most recent fiscal period.

> If there is no face value for the company shares, or the face value per each share is not NTD10, the requirement of 20% of the paid-in capital as stated in this procedure shall be based on the 10% of the shareholders' equity attributable to the parent company.

Article XX

business merger, divestment, acquisition, or share exchange, a certified public accountant, lawyer, or securities underwriter must be engaged to provide opinions with regards to the exchange ratio, the acquisition price, or the amount of cash or other properties distributed to shareholders before the proposal is presented for board of directors' resolution. These opinions are subject to discussion and resolution by the board of directors.

Before the Company proceeds with Before the Company proceeds with business merger, divestment, acquisition, or share exchange, a certified public accountant, lawyer, or securities underwriter must be engaged to provide opinions with regards to the exchange ratio, the acquisition price, or the amount of cash or other properties distributed to shareholders before the proposal is presented for board of directors' resolution. These opinions are subject to discussion and resolution by the board of directors.

However, experts' opinions are not required for mergers between the Company and subsidiaries to which it holds 100% direct or indirect ownership interest, and mergers between subsidiaries to which the Company holds 100% direct or indirect ownership interest. Important details of the business merger, divestment or acquisition shall be compiled into a public report and delivered to shareholders along with meeting advice and expert's opinions mentioned in the

merger, divestment or acquisition shall be compiled into a public report and delivered to shareholders along with meeting advice and expert's opinions mentioned in the preceding paragraph before the preceding paragraph before the General Meeting. These documents General Meeting. These documents will be used by shareholders to will be used by shareholders to decide whether to support the decide whether to support the merger, divestment or acquisition. This excludes any circumstances where the Company is exempted by law to resolve the business merge, divestment, or acquisition through a divestment, or acquisition through a General Meeting.

Important details of the business

If any participant of the business merger, divestment, or acquisition is unable to convene a shareholder meeting or produce a resolution, or if the motion is voted down by shareholders due to insufficient

merger, divestment or acquisition. This excludes any circumstances where the Company is exempted by law to resolve the business merge, General Meeting. If any participant of the business

merger, divestment, or acquisition is unable to convene a shareholder meeting or produce a resolution, or if the motion is voted down by shareholders due to insufficient

To conform with requirements of the Financial Supervisory Commission stated in Letter No. Jin-Guan-Zhe ng-Fa-Tze 1060001296

attendants, insufficient votes, or other legal restrictions, then participants of the business merger, divestment, or acquisition shall immediately announce to the public immediately announce to the public the causes of the discontinuance, any follow-up actions, and the estimated date of the next shareholder meeting.

attendants, insufficient votes, or other legal restrictions, then participants of the business merger, divestment, or acquisition shall the causes of the discontinuance, any follow-up actions, and the estimated date of the next shareholder meeting.

#### Attachment I

## MPI Corporation Articles of Incorporation

## Chapter I General Provision

Article I: The Company has been duly incorporated in accordance with the Company Act and titled MPI Corporation.

Article II: The Company is engaged in the principal business specified below:

I. CB01010 Machinery and Equipment Manufacturing.

II. CC01080 Electronic Parts and Components Manufacturing.

III. F119010 Wholesale of Electronic Materials.

IV. F113050 Wholesale of Computing and Business Machinery Equipment.

V. E605010 Computing Equipments Installation Construction.

VI. F113010 Wholesale of Machinery.

VII. F213080 Retail Sale of Machinery and Equipment.

VIII. F401010 International Trade.

IX. JE01010 Lease

X. ZZ99999 All business items that are not prohibited or restricted by law, except those that are subject to special approval.

Article III: The Company may make direct investment up to 40% of the paid-in capital and may act as a guarantor in favor of a third party outside the company for business purpose.

Article IV: The Company is headquartered in Zhubei city, Hsinchu County, and may establish branches at home and abroad under the resolution of the Board of Directors, where necessary.

## Chapter II Shares of Stock

Article V: The Company has stated capital of NTD 1 billion (NT\$1,000,000,000) equally divided into 100 million shares (100,000,000) at face value of NTD 10 per share. The Board of Directors has been authorized to issue the shares in tranches. The amount of NTD 50 million (NT\$50,000,000) will be retained and this amount is equally split up into 5 million shares (5,000,000) at face value of NTD 10 per share for the issuance of stock options. The Board of Directors has been authorized to issue the stock options in tranches.

Article V-1: In the event the Company shall repurchase its outstanding shares as dictated by law, the Board of Directors shall be authorized for the repurchase.

Article VI: The Company issues registered shares with the authorized signatures/specimen seals of at least three (3) Directors affixed to each stock certificate subject to certification as required by law before issuance. The Company may also issue shares without printing physical stock certificate, or consolidated all the outstanding shares for printing stock certificates for the issuance of the aforementioned shares, and register with the central depository of securities.

Article VII: No changes can be made to the shareholders registry within the 60 days prior to the day of General Meeting, or within 30 days prior to the day of extraordinary shareholder meeting, or within 5 days before the baseline date for dividends or other

gains distributed by the Company.

## Chapter III General Meeting of Shareholders

- Article VIII: The General Meeting of Shareholders may convene in regular sessions or special sessions. Regular session will usually be convened once a year within six (6) months after the end of a fiscal year. Special session may be convened at any time as needed. The Company may adopt the system of voting by correspondence or electronic means in a session of the General Meeting and the procedure shall be instituted in accordance with applicable laws.
- Article IX: If specific shareholder cannot attend the General Meeting of Shareholders in person, such shareholder may use the authorization of agent printed by the Company and specify the scope of authorization for appointing a proxy to attend the meeting.
- Article X: Shareholders are entitled to one vote per share, except for holding the shares as specified in Article 179 of the Company Act or unless otherwise the law requires.
- Article XI: Unless applicable laws specified otherwise, resolutions of the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be made by a simple majority of the shareholders representing more than half of the total outstanding shares in the meeting, or at the unanimous consent of the shareholders who are present in the meeting.

## Chapter IV Directors and Supervisors

Article XII: The Company shall establish five (5) seats of Directors, three (3) seats of Supervisors, and each shall have tenure of three (3) years in office. Directors and Supervisors shall be elected by the General Meeting of Shareholders from persons of legal competence, and who shall assume a second term of office if reelected. Of all the seats of directors as mentioned, there shall be at least two (2) seats of independent directors who shall be elected from a nomination of candidates system and the number of seats for independent directors shall constitute at least one-fifty of the total seats of directors. The professional qualification, quantity of shareholding, limitation of job position, methods of nomination and election and other issues for compliance shall be handled in accordance with the requirements of the competent authority of securities.

The Company may purchase liability insurance to protect itself from claims made against its directors by shareholders or other related parties. The same applies to supervisors.

- Article XIII: The Board of Directors shall be organized by the Directors one of whom shall be elected as the Chairman in a session with the presence of at least two-thirds of the Directors and the consent under a simple majority. A vice chairman shall also be elected likewise. The Chairman shall preside over the sessions of the General Meeting and the Board internally and represents the company externally.
- Article XIV: In the absence of the Chairman or the Chairman is unable to perform its duties, proceed to Article 208 of the Company Act.

  The Directors shall attend the sessions of the Board in person, or appoint another Director to attend the meeting with the authorization of agent and specify the scope of authorization. Each Director may appoint one Director to act as proxy in the meeting.

The Board shall convene with the cause of the session specified in the notice 7 days in advance to the acknowledgment of all Directors and Supervisors. In case of emergency, the Board may call for special session with notice in writing, fax, or

e-mail.

The Board may convene via teleconferencing and the Directors participating in the teleconference shall be deemed attending the Board session in person.

- Article XV: Unless the Company Act specifies otherwise, resolutions of the Board may be made by a session with the presence of at least half of the seats of Directors and by a simple majority of these Directors.
- Article XV-1: Remuneration to the Chairman, Vice Chairman, directors and supervisors shall be determined based on their participation and contribution to the Company's operations, in reference to local peer level. The board of directors is authorized to set the level of remuneration.
- Article XVI: The Board of Directors shall perform the following functions:
  - I. Review and approval of the corporate policy and the development plan in the mid to long run.
  - II. Review and supervision of the execution of annual business plan.
  - III. Review and approval of budget and account settlement.
  - IV. Review and approval of the plan of capitalization and decapitalization of the company.
  - V. Review and approval of the proposal for income distribution or covering loss carried forward.
  - VI. Review and approval essential contracts with external parties.
  - VII. Review and approval of the Articles of Incorporation and amendment thereto.
  - VIII. Review and approval of the organizational code and important rules and regulations of the company.
  - IX. Approval of the establishment, reorganization, and revocation of branches.
  - X. Approval of major capital spending plans.
  - XI. Planning for the acquisition and disposition of vital assets of the company.
  - XII. The appointment and dismissal of the general manger and deputy general managers.
  - XIII. Execution of the resolutions of the General Meeting of Shareholders.
  - XIV. Review and approval of the proposals from the general manager.
  - XV. Convention of the General Meeting of Shareholders and report on operation.
  - XVI. Any other duties to be performed under law.
- Article XVII: The Supervisors shall perform the following functions:
  - I. Review of the account settlement.
  - II. Supervision of the operation and financial position of the company, and may request the Board or the managers to report.
  - III. Review and audit of the journal books and documents of the company.
  - IV. Calling for special sessions of the General Meeting of Shareholders in accordance with applicable laws where necessary.
  - V. Supervision on any other issues as required by law.

## Chapter V Managers

Article XVIII: The Company shall employ several managers and the appointment and dismissal of

### Chapter VI Accounting

Article XIX: At the end of the fiscal year, the Board shall prepare (I) Operation in review; (II) Financial Statements; (III) proposals of income distribution or covering loss carried forward and related document, and forward these materials to the Supervisors for review 30 days prior to the scheduled date of the regular session of the General Meeting for ratification.

Article XX: Any pre-tax profits concluded from a financial year shall be subject to employee remuneration of 5%~15%, and director/supervisor remuneration of no more than 3%. However, profits must first be taken to offset against cumulative losses if any, before the remainder is allocated for employee/director/supervisor remuneration according to the abovementioned percentages.

The allocation of remuneration to employees and directors/supervisors shall be resolved and approved by a majority of the directors present at a directors' meeting attended by more than two-thirds of the whole directors, and reported to a shareholders' meeting.

Employees' remuneration may be paid in the form of stock or in cash, and can be paid to employees of affiliated companies that satisfy certain criteria. If the Company has a profit at the year's final accounting, it shall first pay profit-seeking enterprise income tax and make up any losses from past years, and then make contribution of 10% of the balance to the statutory reserve, unless the statutory reserve reaches the amount of the Company paid-in capital, and also make provision/reversal of special reserves pursuant to laws. The residual balance shall be added to undistributed earnings carried from previous years. The Board shall draft a motion for allocation of the residual balance plus the undistributed earnings, and submit the same to a shareholders' meeting to resolve whether shareholder bonus shall be allocated or the earnings shall be retained.

Article XX-I: The Company is currently in the growth stage of its industry cycle. For this reason, dividends shall be allocated after taking into consideration several factors including: current and future investment environment, capital requirement, domestic/foreign competition, capital budget, shareholders' expectations, balanced dividends, and the Company's long-term financial plan. Earnings appropriation plans are proposed by the board of directors and presented for final resolution at general shareholder's meeting on a yearly basis.

The earnings will be allocated in the form of cash dividend or stock dividend, subject to the funding demand and level of dilution of EPS. The cash dividend to be allocated, if any, shall be no less than 10% of the total stock dividend.

## Chapter VII Additional Rules

Article XXI: Anything not covered by this Articles of Incorporation shall be governed by the Company Act and other applicable legal rules.

Article XXII: Instituted on July 20 1995.

Amendment was made for the 1st instance on September 20, 1996. Amendment was made for the 2nd instance on January 9, 1998. Amendment was made for the 3rd instance on September 11, 1998. Amendment was made for the 4th instance on January 4, 1999. Amendment was made for the 5th instance on June 1, 2000. Amendment was made for the 6th instance on April 16, 2001.

Amendment was made for the 7th instance on December 12, 2001. Amendment was made for the 8th instance on April 18, 2002. Amendment was made for the 9th instance on June 3, 2004. Amendment was made for the 10th instance on June 3, 2005. Amendment was made for the 11th instance on June 23, 2006. Amendment was made for the 12th instance on December 28, 2006. Amendment was made for the 13th instance on June 15, 2007. Amendment was made for the 14th instance on June 6, 2008. Amendment was made for the 15th instance on June 15, 2010. Amendment was made for the 16th instance on June 17, 2011. Amendment for the 17th instance was made on June 17, 2014. Amendment for the 18th instance was made on June 12, 2015. Amendment for the 19th instance was made on June 16, 2016.

MPI Corporation Chairman: Ko, Chang-Lin

#### Attachment II

## **MPI** Corporation

## Parliamentary Procedure for General Meeting of Shareholders

Article I: The General Meeting of Shareholders shall be governed by this procedure unless the law otherwise specified.

Article I-I: The Board of Directors shall call for the sessions of the General Meeting of Shareholders unless the law otherwise specified.

The company shall prepare the electronic version of the notice of meeting, appointment of agent form, information on motions for ratification, discussion, the election or discharge of Directors and Supervisors, and the motions and causes of motions and upload the aforementioned information to MOPS at least 30 days before a regular session or at least 15 days before a special session of the General Meeting. In addition, the company shall also prepare the parliamentary procedure handbook and supplementary materials for the meeting in electronic version and upload the information to MOPS at least 21 days before a regular session or 15 days before a special session is scheduled, and prepare the hard copies of parliamentary procedure handbook and supplementary materials for the meeting and make these materials available at the offices of the Company and the professional share registration agent commissioned by the Company, or release the materials on the site of the meeting. The aforementioned notice and announcement shall contain information on the cause of the session, and may be made in electronic form at the consent of the respondents. Motions of election or discharge of Directors, Supervisors, alteration of the Articles of Incorporation, dissolution, merger, split up of the company, or anything as stated in Article 185-1 of the Company Act, Article 26-1, Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act, and Article 56-1 and Article 60-2 of the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers shall be explicitly stated in the cause of calling for the session and cannot be proposed as impromptu motions. Shareholders holding 1% or more of the total outstanding shares of the company propose motions in a regular session in writing but each shareholder is permitted to propose one motion only. Any more motions will not be included into the agenda of the meeting. For proposal of motions pertinent to any conditions as specified in Article 172-1-(4) of the Company Act may be declined by the Board for including into the agenda.

The company shall announce the motions proposed by the shareholders, the place and time for handling the motions before the date on which shares are stopped for transactions before a regular session is scheduled. At least 10 days shall be allowed for handling the motions.

Each motion is limited to 300 words or it will not be included into the agenda. Shareholders shall attend the regular session in period or appointing a proxy to attend and engaged in the discussion of the motion being proposed. The company shall inform the shareholders of the motions being proposed and handled before the date of notice of the General Meeting and list the motions meeting the requirements of this clause into the meeting notice. For motions proposed by shareholders not being listed into the agenda, the Board shall explain the reasons for noting including such motions as a part of the agenda.

Article I-II: Each shareholder may present the authorization of agent document prepared by the company with the scope of authorization defined to appoint a proxy to attend each

session of the General Meeting. One shareholder may appoint one proxy and present one authorization of agent only and such document shall be delivered to the company no later than five (5) days prior to the scheduled date of the General Meeting. For repeated authorization of agent, the initial authorization shall prevail unless otherwise the previous authorization has been declared for revocation. After the delivery of the authorization of agent to the company and that the shareholder desire to attend the meeting in person, or cast the vote in correspondence or electronic form, such shareholder may inform the company for the revocation of the authorization previous made in writing no later than two (2) days prior to the scheduled date of the meeting. Any late arrival of the petition for revocation of the authorization agent will not be accepted. Accordingly, the proxy shall attend the meeting and cast the vote.

Notice to the company for revocation of the authorization of agent must be made in writing. For the expression of such intent beyond the deadline, the vote cast by the proxy in the meeting under the authorization of agent shall stand.

Article II:

A sign-in book shall be prepared at the General Meeting of Shareholders for tracking the attendance of the shareholders, or, the shareholders who attend the meeting shall surrender the sign-in card in lieu of signing in the book for record.

The quantity of shares represented by the shareholders attending the meeting shall be based on the information of the sign-in books and the sign-in cards being surrendered.

The company shall present the parliamentary handbook, annual report, attendance card, speech memo, ballots, and other materials for the meeting to shareholders attending the meeting. If there is an election of Directors and Supervisors to be held, attach a ballot for such purpose.

The shareholders shall bring with them the attendance card, sign-in card, or other documents for attending the meeting. The Company shall not add the requirement for additional identification documents for a shareholder's attendance to the meeting. Persons requesting for authorization of agent instrument shall bring their ID documents for confirmation.

Where the shareholders may be the government or institutions, more than one representative may be assigned to attend the meeting.

Article III:

The attendance of shareholders in the General Meeting and the votes shall be based on the quantity of shares being represented in the calculation. The quantity of shares represented by the shareholders attending the meeting shall be based on the information of the sign-in book or the sign-in cards being surrendered, plus the votes representing the shares cast by correspondence or electronic mean.

Article IV: The place for the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be at the locality of the company or a place convenient for the shareholders to attend. The time for the meeting shall not be earlier than 9:00 am or later than 3:00 pm of the day.

Article V: Where the Board of Directors may call for the General Meeting, the Chairman shall preside over the meeting. In the absence of the Chairman or the Chairman cannot perform its duties, the Vice Chairman shall act on behalf of and in the name of the Chairman to preside over the meeting. Where there is no seat of a vice chairman, in the absence of the Vice Chairman or where the Vice Chairman cannot perform his duties, the Chairman shall appoint an agent to preside over the meeting, or, the Directors shall nominate one among themselves to preside over the meeting.

Where an entitled third party other than the Board of Directors may call for the General Meeting, such party shall preside over the meeting. In case there are two entitled parties calling for the General Meeting, one of them shall be nominated to preside over the meeting.

Article VI: The Company may appoint its retained lawyers, certified public accountants or related personnel to attend the General Meeting as observers.

Personnel administering the General Meeting shall wear ID badge or arm badge at the venue of the meeting.

Article VII: The minutes of the General Meeting shall be kept on record by voice recording or videotaping. Such minutes of General Meeting on record shall be retained for at least 1 year, If legal action is instituted by shareholders pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the ballots shall be retained until the final ruling of the action.

Article VIII: The Chairman of the General Meeting shall announce for the session on the exact time scheduled for the meeting. If however the presence of shareholders at that point of time represent less than one-half of the total outstanding shares, the Chairman may announce to postpone the meeting up to two instances and the total time lapsed cannot exceed one hour. If postponement has been made for twice and the shareholders present in the meeting cannot represent one-half but represent more than one-third of the total outstanding shares, the Chairman shall call off the meeting. In the event of that postponement has been made twice and the shareholders present in the meeting cannot represent one-half but represent more than one-third of the total outstanding shares, Article 175-1 of the Company Act shall be applicable whereby provisional resolution could be made.

If the session is still in progress with the eventual presence of shareholders representing more than half of the total outstanding shares, the Chairman shall refer the provisional resolution to the General Meeting for finalization pursuant to Article 174 of the Company Act.

Article IX: For General Meeting being called for by the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors shall prepare the agenda and the meeting shall be proceeded in accordance with the agenda unless otherwise the General Meeting of Shareholders resolved to make change.

If only the rearrangement of the orders of the meeting is required, the Chairman shall make such arrangement.

The same principle shall be applicable to General Meeting being called for by parties other than the Board of Directors.

Before the parliamentary procedure is accomplished in accordance with the agenda (including the impromptu motions) as stated in the preceding two (2) paragraphs, the Chairman cannot announce for the adjournment of the meeting unless at the resolution of the shareholders in session. However, the Chairman may announce for the adjournment of the meeting for maintaining order of the session, or there is something that cannot allow for the smooth progress of the meeting.

After the meeting is adjourned, shareholders cannot nominate another chairman or seek another venue for continuation of the meeting.

Article X: Before a shareholder who is present in the meeting may take the floor, he or she shall prepare the speech memo by specify the summary and the shareholder account number (or attendance card number) and account title. The Chairman shall then

arrange for the priority of the shareholders to deliver their speeches. Shareholders who have just prepared the speech memo without taking the floor for delivery of speech shall be deemed no delivery of speech. In case the content of the speech delivered on the floor is irrelevant with the content in the speech memo, the latter shall stand. When a shareholder is having the floor, all other shareholders shall not interfere unless at the consent of the Chairman or the shareholder who is taking the floor. Any unrestrained action shall be discouraged by the Chairman.

Article XI: Each shareholder may express their opinion on a particular motion twice only, unless otherwise approved by the Chairman and the duration of each instance of expression of opinion shall be up to 5 minutes.

The Chairman shall prevent further speech of a particular shareholder who violates the aforementioned requirements or where the content of the speech is irrelevant to the motion in point.

Article XII: Where an institutional shareholder may be appointed as a proxy to attend the General Meeting, such institutional shareholder may appoint only one representative to the meeting.

For institutional shareholders appointing two (2) or more representatives to the General Meeting, only one representative may expression opinion on particular motion.

- Article XIII: After specific shareholder in the meeting has expressed an opinion, the Chairman may respond to the issue personally or appoint specific personnel to respond to the issue.
- Article XIII-I: The votes cast by the shareholders shall be calculated in terms of the quantity of shares being represented. For resolution of the General Meeting, the quantity of shares held by shareholders without voting rights is excluded as a part of the total outstanding shares. For motions where specific shareholders have a conflict of interest with the company, these shareholder shall be excused from voting and cannot acting as the proxy of another shareholder to exercise the voting right.

  The quantity of shares bearing no voting right is excluded from the quantity of shares represented by shareholders attending the meeting in the calculation. If particular person who has been appointed by two (2) or more shareholders as proxy to attend the meeting, the voting right being represented under the authorization of agent shall not exceed 3% of the total quantity of outstanding shares bearing voting rights or the voting right in excess of relevant quantity shall not be counted.

Article XIII-II: Shareholders are entitled to one voting right for the holding of each share except those who are under restriction or having no voting right as stated in Article 179-2 of the Company Act. When the General Meeting is in session, votes can be cast by correspondence or electronic means. Where the company may adopt an electronic means of voting pursuant to Article 177-1-(1) of the Company Act in exception, it shall adopt both voting by correspondence or electronic means. In so doing, the company shall specify the detail of voting by correspondence or electronic means in the notice of General Meeting. Shareholders casting their votes by correspondence or electronic means shall be deemed attending the meeting in person but votes on impromptu motions or amendment to original motions shall be deemed their abstention from voting of these motions. Shareholders who elect to cast their votes by correspondence or electronic means shall express their intents to the

company at least five (5) days before the scheduled date of the meeting. In case of repeated expression of intent, the initial intent so expressed shall stand unless declaration for the revocation of the previous expression of intent is made. Where specific shareholder may decide to attend the meeting in person after expressing the intent of casting votes by correspondence or electronic means, such shareholder shall express the intent of revoking the intent previous expressed in the same manner one day before the scheduled date of the meeting. For shareholders who cannot revoke the intents previously made, the votes cast by correspondence or electronic means shall stand. If an expression of intent to vote by correspondence or electronic means has been made and at the same time, a proxy has been appointed to attend the meeting, the votes cast by the proxy in the meeting shall stand.

- Article XIV: Where the discussion on specific motion has been deemed accomplished, the Chairman shall call the discussion to an end and proceed to voting. If there is no adverse opinion upon the inquiry of the Chairman on the scene, it shall be deemed the motion in point is passed. Where the Chairman may announce to make decision by voting, motions may be referred to voting in the same procedure but votes shall be cast on separate motions.
- Article XV: The Chairman shall appoint the staff to supervise the casting of votes and the counting of votes on condition that such staff is shareholders. The result of voting shall be announced on the scene immediately and tracked on record.
- Article XVI: The Chairman may announce for recess during the session.
- Article XVII: Resolution shall be made by a simple majority of the shareholders with voting right in session unless the Company Act or the Articles of Incorporation otherwise specified.

At the point of voting, the Chairman or designated personnel shall announce the total quantity of voting rights represented by the shareholders before proceeding to voting. For motions that have no adverse opinions from the shareholders in session as announced, it shall be deemed action in favor of the motions has been taken and the effect shall be the same as casting votes for resolution. For motions that triggered adverse opinions, decision shall be made by voting as stated in preceding paragraphs.

- Article XVIII: Where specific motion may have amendment or a substitute, the Chairman shall refer the amendment or substitute to voting in the same priority as the original motion. If one of these motion, amendment or substitute is being passed, all other options shall be deemed vetoed and no further voting is necessary.
- Article XVIII-I: In the event that an election of Directors and Supervisors is held in a session, follow the procedure and regulation of the company for election and term of office and announce the election result on the scene. The ballots for the aforementioned election shall be kept in the box, sealed and signed by the witness, and retained for at least one year. If legal action is instituted by shareholders pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the ballots shall be retained until the final ruling of the action.
- Article XVIII-II: All resolutions of the General Meeting of Shareholder's shall be kept as minutes of the meeting on record, signed or sealed by the Chairman, and release to all shareholders within 20 days after the meeting. The preparation and the circulation of the minutes of meeting on record may be made electronically.

The minutes of meeting on record as mentioned may be uploaded to MOPS for announcement.

The content of the minutes of meeting on record shall contain information on the date, month, year, venue, name of chairman, method of resolution, the process of discussion, the summary and result, and shall be kept during the entire perpetuity of the company.

Where the method of resolution as mentioned is the inquiry by the chairman for opinions from the shareholders and that the shareholders expressed no adverse opinions, specify as "passed at unanimous consent of the shareholders upon the inquiry of the chairman". In case of adverse opinion from the shareholders, specify the method of voting and the number of votes in favor of the motion and the proportion to the voting rights.

Article XVIII-III: The Company shall prepare relevant table in designated format for compilation of the statistical data on the quantity of shares represented by proxies or parties requesting for representation to the meeting on the day of the General Meeting and release the data at the venue of the meeting. Where the motions for resolutions may involve materiality under law or Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (Taipei Exchange, TPEx (Gre Tai Securities Market, GTSM)), the company shall upload the information to MOPS within stipulated time.

Article XIX: Administrative personnel of General Meeting shall wear ID badge or arm badge at the venue of the meeting. The Chairman may instruct a prefect team (or security personnel) to maintain order of the meeting. In maintaining order at the venue of the meeting, the prefect team (or security personnel) shall wear arm badge marking the word "prefect". Where the meeting place may be equipped with sound amplifier equipment, the Chairman shall stop any speech delivered by shareholders not using the equipment installed by the company. In the event of insubordination to the correction of the Chairman, obstruction of the progress of the meeting and failure to take corrective action upon persuasion, the respective shareholder shall be escorted by the prefect or security personnel to leave the venue on the order of the Chairman.

Article XX: This Procedure was instituted on March 5, 2001 under the resolution of the Board of Directors and ratification of the General Meeting of Shareholders for coming into full force. The same procedure shall be applicable to any amendment thereto. Amendment for the 2nd instance was made on March 20, 2006 under the resolution of the Board of Directors and presented to the General Meeting for ratification on June 23, 2006.

Amendment for the 3rd instance was made on March 28, 2011 under the resolution of the Board of Directors and presented to the General Meeting for ratification on June 17, 2011.

Amendment for the 4th instance was made on March 13, 2012 under the resolution of the Board of Directors and presented to the General Meeting for ratification on June 15, 2012.

Amendment for the 5th instance was made on March 24, 2015 under the resolution of the Board of Directors and presented to the General Meeting for ratification on June 12, 2015.

#### Attachment III

# MPI Corporation Director and Supervisor Election Rules

- Article I: Election of the Company's directors (including independent directors) and supervisors shall proceed according to this policy unless otherwise regulated by the Company Act, the Securities and Exchange Act or the Articles of Incorporation.
- Article II: Election of the Company's directors (including independent directors) and supervisors shall be held in General Meetings. The Company shall prepare separate ballots for directors (including independent directors) and supervisors, and apply weight to votes.
- Article III: Election of the Company's directors (including independent directors) and supervisors shall proceed using the cumulative single-registered method. Each share is empowered with voting rights equal to the number of elected directors and supervisors. These voting rights may be concentrated on one candidate or spread across multiple candidates.
- Article IV: Candidates who receive the highest number of votes are assigned the role of director (including independent director) followed by supervisor. If 2 or more candidates receive the same number of votes, they shall draw for the remaining seats available. The chairperson will draw on behalf of those who are absent during the meeting. In situations where a candidate is elected a director (including independent director) and a supervisor at the same time, the candidate shall have the choice to decide whether to assume the director or the supervisor role. Any position left opening as a result shall be filled by the candidate who receives the next highest votes.
- Article IV-I: The Company's independent directors shall be nominated using the nomination system, and elected during the General Meeting of Shareholders from the list of nominated independent director candidates. Before the book closure date of the General Meeting, the Company is required to announce: the period in which independent director candidate nomination is accepted, the number of seats to be elected, the location where nominations are accepted, and other relevant issues. The nomination period must be no shorter than 10 days.

  The board of directors or shareholders with more than 1% ownership interest may provide a list of independent director candidates for the next board, to be used as reference for the next independent director election. However, the number of nominees may not exceed the number of elected independent directors. The same headcount applies to independent directors nominated by the board of directors. Other relevant issues of compliance shall be governed by the Company Act and rules of the securities competent authority.
- Article V: During the election, the chairperson shall designate ballot examiners, ballot announcers and ballot counters to perform duties relating to the election. Ballot examiners may be appointed from shareholders present at the meeting.
- Article VI: The ballot box shall be prepared by the Company, and opened for public examination by ballot examiners prior to the election.

- Article VII: Voters are required to write in the "Voted Candidate" field the name, shareholder ID and the number of votes to be cast to the candidate. Where the candidate is a corporate shareholder, write the full name of the corporate entity or the name of the corporate entity plus the name of its representative.
- Article VII-I: Independent director and non-independent director elections shall be held in the same session with votes counted separately.
- Article VIII: Ballots are considered void in any of the following circumstances:
  - (I) Ballots that are not cast into the ballot box.
  - (II) Use of ballots that are not prepared by the Company.
  - (III) Ballots that are left blank.
  - (IV) The candidate's name and shareholder ID do not match the shareholders registry.
  - (V) Ballots that are written with text and symbols other than the name and shareholder ID of the voted candidate and the number of votes assigned.
  - (VI) Illegible writing.
  - (VII) Alteration to the voted candidate's name, shareholder ID or number of votes assigned.
  - (VIII) The name of the voted candidate coincides with the name of another shareholder, but no shareholder ID is specified for identification purpose.
- Article IX: Ballots are to be counted openly immediately after voting. The chairperson will announce the outcome of the vote.
- Article X: This policy was established on March 5, 2001 with the approval of the board of directors, and implemented following formal acknowledgment at a General Meeting. The same procedures shall apply for subsequent amendments. The 1st amendment was made on June 15, 2007.

#### Attachment IV

## **MPI** Corporation

# Shareholding of all Directors and Supervisors and the minimum requirement of shareholding

I. The mandatory requirement of shareholding by the Directors and the Supervisors of MPI Corporation current in office is shown below:

Outstanding shares of common stocks issued 79,859,260 (shares)

Minimum quantity of shareholding required for all Directors under law

Minimum quantity of shareholding required for all Supervisors 638,874 (shares)

II. Shares held by the Company's directors and supervisors as at the book closure date of General Meeting (April 15, 2017) are shown below:

Job title	Name	Quantity of shareholding (share)	Proportion of shareholding
Chairman of the Board	MPI Investment Co., Ltd. Representative of corporate entity: Ko, Chang-Lin	8,334,626	10.44 %
Director	MPI Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Scott Kuo	8,334,626	10.44 %
Director	MJC Representative of corporate entity: Yuki katayama	6,548,576	8.20 %
	Hsu, Mei-Fang	244,441	0.31 %
Independent director	Kao, Chin-Cheng	162,414	0.20 %
Supervisor	Liu, Fang-Sheng	255,471	0.32 %
Supervisor	Li, Tu-Cheng	599,349	0.75 %
Supervisor	Tsai, Chang-Shou	21,630	0.03 %
Quantity (shares) and proportion of shareholding by all Directors		15,290,057	19.15 %
Quantity (shares) and proportion of shareholding by all Supervisors		876,450	1.10 %

## Attachment V

The effect of stock dividend as proposed in this General Meeting on the operation performance and earnings per share of the company: N/A, as no stock dividend was proposed in the meeting.